The Daily Sentinel.

VOL. IV. RALEIGH, N. C., TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 10, 1867. NO. 29.

THE SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, PROPRIETOR.

THE CALIFORNIA ELECTION.

The democratic victory in California is a protest against the nigger supremacy policy of the radicals; the protest of a practical, energetic and never over-conservative community against the wild theories and extravagant purposes that, by keeping the country at the fever heat of disturbance, are paralyzing trade. We may acknowledge in the broadest terms that there were causes within the republican organization in the Pacific States that weakened it. Republican voters in California, as in Connecticut some time ago, were disgusted with the conduct of their leaders and remained away from the polls. Thus the vote was reduced, and this reduced vote was divided on different candidates. But these causes only gave a greater field to the rising wave, for the democrats would probably have secured a substantial victory without them. There is, however, just enough in this view of the result—in this argument of the reduction and division of the republican vote—to serve for the use of radical leaders with the masses in the Atlantic and Mississippi Valley States. It will serve them to explain away the event—to prevent their voters from rightly understanding a lesson that would imperil the power of the radical party. But the lesson is all the same for the country at large, for that large part of the people that is not to be deluded by the declamation of political spouters. It is the distinct declaration of the apprehension of the people of the Pacific slope, that the tendencies of the dominant party are dangerous, and their purpose that it shall no longer be trusted with the destinies of the country. California has a population of vigorous, bold, thinking people. Her citizens bear the same relation to the Atlantic States that the people of these States at one time bore to Europe, and are made up of the adventurous, clear sighted, intelligent men of all our Atlantic communities, who sought in the new State an ampler field for an enterprising spirit than they could find at home. Such a population is seldom conservative, and when it utters its political protest against party extravagance we may be sure that the whole nation is alive to the danger.—*N. Y. Herald.*

HOW THE RADICALS ARE TREATING GENERAL GRANT.

"General Grant has probably found out by this time that his friend Congressman Washburne's advice to him to commit himself to the Radicals, has not worked very well. Here is Wendell Phillips's manifesto in the last *Anti-Slavery Standard*:

Grant, at last, has spoken and—blundered. How he stalked into the Secretaryship, his friends boasting his great power to prevent mischief! What mischief has he prevented? None. The only power he claimed against the President, a moment's thought obliges him to renounce. That is our "*practical*" statesman, whose first move is a blunder! This was our St. Michael, whose resistless sword was to mow down the Satan of the fallen host! Instead of that we find that he does not even know how to draw it!

The great popular leader sinks to be only the President's Secretary, issuing orders he abhors; sits like "ancient Pistol" eating his leek and grumbling! Was ever boastful promise followed by such miserable failure? The General of the United States is to-day a weed caught in the Presidential maelstrom, and, unless some better brains than his own come to the rescue, sure soon to be swallowed in the vortex. Let no Grant man after this call Johnson a clumsy knave; he has found wit enough to befool the model leader, whose silence passed for the highest wisdom—the puff of whose cigar was statesmanship. Once before, there was an animal which passed for a lion till he spoke."

Here is what Tilton says in the *Independent*:

"General Grant has surrendered to the President. This fact was unexpected. It took the country by surprise. It is still the theme of universal talk. * * *

But it is neither to be denied, nor concealed, nor explained away, that General Grant has, within the last few weeks, *greatly disappointed the American people.* He has, within this period, been more freely criticised, both in the public press and in private circles, than at any former time since he became a famous man. Moreover (much as we dislike to make the confession,) *these criticisms have been just.* There is a natural desire among men to have one's heroes perfect—without blemish or flaw; and, when they are not so in reality, we strive to paint them so in our imagination. But even Gen. Grant is now proven to be not a hero in all points."

Greeley, in the *Tribune*, keeps up the same kind of sneering criticism, and throughout the country the Radical pack are at General Grant's heels.

THE ELECTION IN ALABAMA.

We copy elsewhere Gen. Pope's order appointing days of election, and apportioning the delegates to the Convention, in Alabama. There are several features of this order that are novel to our people, and to which their attention should be directed. Probably the same novelties will be prescribed in the order for Georgia.

1st. The election is to continue for three days, and is to be held only at the court house in each county. Probably Gen. Pope had in view the greater concentration of officers, civil and military, whose duty it is to maintain the peace, in making this change. But we fear that it will also concentrate the elements of excitement or mischief, and where disorders do occur, they will be more serious because of the larger crowd present. It may also have the effect of keeping many from the polls who will not wish to go so far.

2nd. Seperate county representation is abandoned, and counties are in many instances grouped together in districts for the election of one or more delegates. As the published returns of registration are made by districts, and as the registration and election districts differ, it is in many instances impossible for us to say whether the white or the black vote is largest. We are of the opinion, however, from the data before us, that districts allowed about 45 delegates have white majorities registered, and districts electing about 55 delegates have black majorities.

3d. The "iron-clad," or oath prescribed for officers of the United States, is *not* prescribed as a qualification for delegates to the Convention. It is said that this qualification was favored by some high in command but it does not appear to have met the approval of Gen. Pope.—*Columbus (Ga.) Enquirer.*

PETERSBURG ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE!

I HAVE THIS DAY OPENED A VERY NEAT assortment of

FALL GOODS,

Especially suited to immediate wants, to an inspection of which you are respectfully invited. They embrace

A FULL ASSORTMENT

OF

FLANNELS,

KENTUCKY JEANS,

SATINETS,

Neat Low-Priced

Plain and Fancy Cassimeres,

For Gents' and Youths' wear. Also

BLEACHED AND BROWN

SHEETINGS AND SHIRTINGS,

HICKORY SHIRTINGS,

DENIMS, TICKINGS,

COTTON PLAIDS AND STRIPES;

WITH A

FULL ASSORTMENT OF PRINTS,

In all the best makes, for ONE SHILLING PER YARD, and

LOWER GRADES AT 12½ TO 15 Cts.

IN COMMENCING THE FALL TRADE, I would take occasion to thank the Public generally for the liberal patronage extended this house for the past two years, and in return will assure them the same liberal system of business will be strictly adhered to in the future that has guided our efforts in the past. QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS will still be our guiding star, by the light of which, it is to be hoped, all will find out that

THOMAS SMITH'S,

25 SYCAMORE St., PETERSBURG, VA.,

Is the place to buy DRY GOODS.

Aug. 22—14-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

BEARD'S PATENT LOCK TIE,

ALSO,

BEARD'S

Patent Self-Adjusting Tie,

THE MOST SIMPLE AND GREATEST IMPROVEMENT OF THE AGE FOR

BALING COTTON.

MUCH SAFER FROM FIRE, AND CHEAPER THAN ROPE.

HAVING SOLD LARGELY LAST SEASON

THE PATENT LOCK TIE,

we can recommend them to give entire satisfaction. We have taken the Agency for the State, and will continue to keep a large supply on hand.

For one Ton, and upwards, to dealers, a liberal discount will be allowed.

E. MURRAY & CO.,
Wilmington, N. C.

Aug 16-8-2m
Standard copy.

W. E. CHEEK, | W. E. CAPEHART, | C. CAPEHART,
CHEEK, CAPEHART & CO.,

GROCERS,

AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 35 Commerce Street,

NORFOLK, VA.

A supply of Pure PERUVIAN GUANO and other Fertilizers, ROPE, BAGGING, GROCERIES and LIQUORS, kept constantly on hand.

Aug 20-11-6m

LOWAND & HARRISS,

General Commission Merchants,

26 Commerce Street,

NORFOLK, VIRGINIA,

WILL ATTEND PROMPTLY TO SALES OF Cotton, Grain, Lumber, Tobacco, Naval Stores, &c., and purchase of Supplies. Will forward Cotton to Europe FREE of forwarding CHARGE.

D. G. COWAND, Washington co., N. C.
R. J. HARRISS, Granville, late of Halifax co., N C.

aug10-3m

JOS. F. HELLEN, EUG. M. WILLIAMS.

HELLEN & WILLIAMS,

GROCERS AND COMMISSION

MERCHANTS,

COURT HOUSE BUILDING,

NEWBERN, N. C.

July 19-294-6m

FOR SALE,

At reduced price, one of H. L. Emery's Universal Cotton Gins and Condensers, (used a part of last season.)

WM. B COX.

Raleigh, September 5—3tdw.

LIFE INSURANCE.

ASSETS OVER

$16,000,000.

Income Over $6,500,000.

TOTAL LOSSES PAID OVER $6,000,000.

DIVIDENDS PAID TO ASSURED

OVER $1,000,000.

NUMBER OF POLICIES IN FORCE OVER 48,000.

The Connecticut Mutual Life

INSURANCE COMPANY

OF HARTFORD, CONN.,

Was organized in 1846. Its success has not been equalled by any other Company. It is organized upon the purely mutual system; it has no proprietary or Stock Capital; and the pre-eminent satisfaction, therefore, in the contemplation of its vast figures, is, that they denote not the enrichment of a *Corporation*, but present and coming blessing to *Thousands of Homes!*

All policies non-forfeitable by their terms.

No extra charge made on policy holders, except only where the risk is extra hazardous.

The undersigned will take pleasure in explaining and procuring any of his statements.

☞ All persons contemplating Life Insurance are requested, and will find it to their interest, to contrast other Companies, represented in this State, with the Conn. Mutual, as published in the Reports of the Insurance Commissioners of New York and Massachusetts.

SAMUEL D. WAIT,
General Agent for N. C.

Office with P. F. Pescud, Agent for Raleigh and vicinity.

Aug 14-6-tf

THE NORTH AMERICA

LIFE

INSURANCE COMPANY.

New Features and Advantages Which are Known as Belonging to no Other Company in the United States.

THE MANAGEMENT OF THIS COMPANY IS upon the Mutual Benefit System—the accumulated profits going to the assured.

This company makes a special deposit with the Insurance Department of the State, for which Registered policies are issued if desired, countersigned by the Superintendent of the Insurance Department of the State of New York, certifying that such policies are secured by pledge of public stocks.

No other Company gives the assured a guarantee of this character or anything equivalent.

Thirty days' of grace are allowed on all renewed premiums, and the policy remains valid and in full force during that time.

No restrictions as to travel or residence abroad at any season of the year, outside the tropics, which gives a nearly world-wide and unconditional policy.

No higher rate of premium charged for stationary Engineers, Conductors, Baggage Masters, Mail Agents, nor in consequence of change of employment after the policy is issued.

Notes are not required by this Company, but a loan may be obtained on the policy for one-third of the annual premium, which is cancelled by the profits applied as dividends.

Joint policies, including man and wife, are issued by this Company, and the amount insured is payable to the survivor on the death of either.

Our dividend, January 1st, 1866, was 45 per cent.

Dividends are declared annually, and paid on settlement of 4th. Annual Premium, on all our plans upon the full amount of premiums received.

Premiums may be paid annually, semi-annually or quarterly.

All policies issued by this Company are non-forfeiting, after two, in some instances, and three annual payments in others.

The per centage of premium receipts in 1865, over 1864, was 251 per cent; which is nearly double that of any other New York company.

Policies incontestable from any cause except on account of fraud.

For insurance in this Company apply to

F. H. CAMERON,
Agent for State of North Carolina, Wilmington.
or
SEATON GALES,
Agent for Raleigh.

July 4-280-ec-3m

THE EQUITABLE

LIFE ASSURANCE

SOCIETY,

OF NEW YORK

ASSETS OVER

$4,000,000.

ANNUAL INCOME

$2,500,000.

DIVIDENDS PAID TO POLICY HOLDERS, [NOT STOCK HOLDERS,] THIS YEAR, OVER $600,000.

PURELY MUTUAL.

PROFITS DIVIDED ANNUALY AMONG

POLICY HOLDERS,

The Equitable has grown more rapidly, since its organization, than any Life Insurance Company ever organized in America.

Its policies average larger in amount, than those of any other Company in the United States.

Applications for Agencies in North Carolina must be addressed to the Gen'l Agent.

MAJ. M. P. TAYLOR, Ag't, Wilmington.
DINSWAY & GUION, " Newbern.
OWEN WILLIAMS, " Tarboro.
BERNARD & GALLAGHER, Agent, Washington.
BRENIZER, KELLOGG & Co., " Greensboro.
E. NYE HUTCHISSON & Co., " Salisbury.

HUTCHISON, BURROUGHS & CO.,
Charlotte, N. C.
Gen'l Agents for N. C.

Aug 6-305-6m

44 FAYETTEVILLE STREET, RALEIGH.

Fine Ivory Handled Knives and Forks;
Fine " Handled Dinner and Tea Knives, only;
Plated Forks, Table and Tea Spoons.

ALSO,

Spirits Turpentine.

J. BROWN,
With Hart & Lewis.

July 27-299-tf

N. C. GROSS HERRINGS.

SOUND AND NICE.

Which we are selling at the exceedingly low price of $6,50 per barrel. They are far more economical than bacon at any such price as this. Almost every body ought to try a barrel of these.

JENKINS & PERRY.

Sep. 3—27-tf.

RAILROADS.

GREAT NATIONAL

DOUBLE TRACK ROUTE

TO THE WEST.

BALTIMORE AND OHIO AND RALEIGH AND GASTON RAIL ROADS.

PERSONS wishing to travel or *Emigrate* to the *Western* and *South Western* States from this part of *North Carolina*, are informed, that permanent arrangements have been made between the above Rail Roads, by which Passengers can obtain through tickets, at the Office of the *Raleigh and Gaston Rail Road at RALEIGH*, to

St. Louis, Mo.
Cincinnati, Ohio.
Chicago, Ill.
Indianapolis, Ind.
Cleveland Ohio,
St. Josephs, Mo.
Cairo, Ill.

Memphis, Tenn.
Louisville, Ky.
Milwaukie, Wis.
Detroit, Mich.
Pittsburg, Pa.
Kansas City, Mo.
Columbus, Ohio.

and all Western and South Western Cities.

Passengers *goin West from Raleigh, via the Baltimore & Ohio Rail Road, can either take the Route, via. Portsmouth and Bay Line of Steamers to Baltimore, or the route, via Richmond & Fredericksburg and Potomac Rail Road*, to Washington City, where close connections are made with three Daily Express Trains on the Baltimore & Ohio Rail Road for all Western Cities, leaving as follows:

LEAVE BALTIMORE,
Mail Train, 8.45 A. M.
Fast Line, 5.20, P. M.
Express train, 9.45, P. M.

LEAVE WASHINGTON CITY,
Mail Train, 7.45 A. M.
Fast Line 4.30, P. M.
Express Train, 8.45, P. M.

The advantages of this line over all others in Palace State Room Day and Night Cars, Saving in Time and distance, and so few changes of Cars combine to render this the most pleasant and desirable Route, especially to Families, or Ladies Travelling Alone. There being but ONE Change of Cars between Baltimore, Cincinnati, Indianapolis, and but TWO to St. Louis, Cairo, Chicago and the principal Cities West and South.

From *five to ten Dollars* will be saved by purchasing *through tickets*, besides a great deal of *annoyance at Points* where *Cars and Baggage* are changed, whereas Passengers, holding *through tickets*, will get their *Baggage checked* through, and all transfers of *Passengers* and *Baggage* are made without any additional expense to the Passenger except the cost of through tickets. *Passengers on through tickets* can stop at *any point* on the route, as *through tickets are good until used.*

Passengers having Raleigh, Saturday morning, will not be detained at Baltimore or Washington on Sunday; they will take the Fast Line for the West in the afternoon.

LARGE PARTIES and FAMILIES, wishing to emigrate to the *Western* and *South Western* States, should address me, several weeks before starting, as a reduction will be made to Parties of ten full Passengers and upwards, if timely notice is given, besides receiving all further information.

For through Tickets, apply to J. M. Pool, Gen. Ticket Agt. or to Ticket Agent Raleigh & Gaston Rail Road, Raleigh N. C.

LOUIS ZIMMER,
Gen'l. Southern Ag't.,
Balt. & Ohio R. R.

JOHN L. WILSON,
Master of Transportation,
B. & O. R. R.

L. M. COLE,
Gen'l. Ticket Ag't.
B. & O. R. R.

July 9-285-1y

BOOK STORE.

"NORTH CAROLINA BOOKSTORE!"

TO THE PUBLIC.

THE SUBSCRIBER DESIRES TO ANNOUNCE to the Public that he has purchased the stock of

BOOKS, STATIONERY, MUSIC, FANCY ARTICLES, &c.

Formerly belonging to the North Carolina Publishing Company, that he has succeeded to the old stand No 1 Fayetteville St., so long and so favorably known throughout the State as the

"NORTH CAROLINA BOOK STORE,"

conducted by Henry D. Turner, dec'd., and that henceforth he will conduct the Book Business in all its branches at "*The North Carolina Book Store,*" *No 1, Fayetteville St.*

He would also state that he brings to the management of the business, the experience of many years as a book buyer and seller, and a devotion to this particular branch of trade. He will endeavor to merit the reputation and business of the old stand.

The stock, of Books, Stationery, Music, etc., which he now offers to the public, has been well selected, and embraces a large supply of Sunday and Common School Books, Miscellaneous Books of almost every kind and variety, the North Carolina Supreme Court Reports, English Common Law Reports, and other Law Books, a very large supply of *Blank Books, Stationery*, and new Music, comprising

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT

to be found in the State; and will be sold upon the most reasonable terms.

Orders from all parts of this State *for any book or article wanted*, accompanied with the cash, or City references, will be promptly attended to, by addressing,

JAS. H. ENNISS,
Bookseller
No 1, Fayetteville Street, Raleigh.

July 23-281-3m

ALFRED WILLIAMS, C. W. LAMBETH.

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH,

No. 40 Fayetteville St., Raleigh, N. C.

Book Sellers and Stationers.

DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF

SCHOOL BOOKS,

STANDARD AND MISCELLANEOUS WORKS,

MASONIC BOOKS, JEWELS, REGALIA;

BOOKS ON STOCK AND AGRICULTURE; STATIONERY; PRINTING AND WRAPPING PAPER; PRINTERS SUPPLIES;

SCHOOL AND OFFICE REQUISITES;

ALBUMS;

PERFUMERY,

FANCY ARTICLES, &c.

We are now receiving new supplies, and will be constantly making such additions to our Stock as will enable us to furnish every article usually kept in a first class Book Store.

Our facilities are such as to enable us to furnish in a very few days, any article not on hand, and all orders will have our prompt attention.

Our business will be conducted on the cash system, and every article sold at the very lowest prices.

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH.

Raleigh, April 9-207-tf

ALMANACS FOR 1868.

WE SHALL HAVE

NORTH CAROLINA ALMANACS

ready for our customers in due time for the Fall and Winter trade.

The matter and style will be better than usual, and the price cheap to suit the times.

BRANSON, FARRAR & CO.

July 25-297-tf

PETERSBURG ADVERTISEMENTS.

ENGINE, MILL, &c., FOR SALE.

We have for sale, at our Blast Furnace near Wilson, in Wilson Co., N. C., a splendid

40 HORSE POWER STEAM ENGINE,

with two Cylinder boilers. It is one of the best working Engines we have ever seen and has sufficient capacity to drive a saw and grist mill. The grist mill is now with the Engine and the saw mill will be furnished, if required.

We have also two iron

BLOWING CYLINDERS,

four feet diameter and five feet stroke, in good working order and powerful enough to drive any blast furnaces.

We have besides a CUPOLA, LADLES, CHANE, and every thing suitable for a foundry. We will either sell all together or separately.

TAPPEY, LUMSDEN & CO.
Petersburg, Va.

Aug 20-11-d2waw1w
Charlotte Times copy as above.

TO TOBACCONISTS.

It is a well established fact, that TOBACCO well flavored commands a better price and more ready sale than it does when not flavored or but badly so. Such being the case, would it not be to the interest of Manufacturers to use liberally *pure* flavoring materials, such as

Oil Aniseed,	Tonka Beans,
" Bergamot,	Gum Styrax,
" Cinnamon,	Mace,
" Citronella,	Nutmegs,
" Cloves,	Angelica Root,
" Geranium,	Orriss "
" Lemon,	Snake "
" Mirbane,	Valerian "
" Nutmegs,	Aniseed "
" Sassafras	Cardamon Seed,
" Wintergreen,	Coriander "
Allspice,	Fennel "
Cinnamon Bark,	Gum Arabic,
Cloves,	Olive Oil, &c.

We have constantly on hand a large stock of the above articles; also, Branding Brushes and Inks of all kinds, which we sell *very low.*

JORDAN & CARR,
Wholesale and Retail Druggists,
Petersburg, Va.

May 27-247-tf

MISCELLANEOUS

GUILFORD LAND AGENCY,

OF NORTH CAROLINA.

BRANCH OFFICE, RALEIGH, N. C.

PRINCIPAL OFFICE, GREENSBORO, N. C.

Persons having Agricultural and Mineral Lands, Water Powers, Town Lots and all kinds of real Estate for sale, are respectfully invited to place them in our hands for that purpose, as our facilities for bringing purchasers from Northern States and placing property prominently before the public, through our advertisements, and also through our agencies and correspondents in the North and West, are unsurpassed. WE ARE NOW WAITING FOR LANDS TO BE PLACED IN OUR HANDS FOR SALE, in order to sell to a party of substantial farmers from the North.

Our terms are as follows: Persons placing property in the hands of the Guilford Land Agency of North Carolina, will be charged FIVE per cent. commission on all amounts realized. Five dollars entrance fee must be paid when the property is placed in our hands.

Persons at a distance wishing to place property in our hands should give us an accurate description of the same. If Agricultural Lands, they should specify the soil, number of acres of cleared and timbered lands, the kind of timber, what is raised on the land, what kind of improvements are on the premises, how far from Railroad and from County-seat; whether it is well watered, &c. If MINERAL LANDS, they should state what kind of Minerals, the indications, &c., always sending a good fair specimen of the ore. It would also be advisable to send a sketch of the land to us.

REFERENCES.

His Excellency Gov. Worth, of N. C.
Hon. W. A. Graham, Hillsboro.
Hon. Z. B. Vance, Charlotte.
Thos. Webb, Esq., Pres N. C. R. R. Hillsboro.
Hon. John A. Gilmer, Greensboro.
Col. Thos. Ruffin, Graham.
Hon. John Letcher, of Virginia.

For terms of sale, entering Lands and all further information, address or apply to

PH. THIEM, Agent,
Raleigh, N. C.

June 28-274-3m

PATENT IMPROVED METHOD OF

SINKING WELLS,

OR

THE NEW LABOR SAVING

ECONOMICAL PUMPS.

HAVING PURCHASED THE ENTIRE AND exclusive right to the patent improved method of sinking Wells, for the State of North Carolina, we desire to have a good and reliable Agent in every county of the State.

As it is desirable for every family to have an abundant supply of water, on their own premises, for convenience, safety and economy, the sale of this Pump offers a fine opening for an enterprising man in each county, to engage in profitable business.

OUR PRICES ARE FOR No. 1 SIZE, $25;
No. 2, $30,
WITH A LIBERAL DISCOUNT TO AGENTS.

We have a No. 2 Pump in operation in front of our Store, No. 22, Pollock Street, which was sunk in an hour, and supplies about 3,000 GALLONS of pure water per day. They can also be seen in operation at the Gaston House, and at other places in Newbern; also at Kinston, Beaufort, Morehead city, and at many other places.

This is the cheapest and most speedy mode of obtaining water in any section, as you can exclude any stream of water reached, which is not satisfactory, and obtain only that which is most desirable.

Address correspondence for information, agencies or orders, to

MITCHELL, ALLEN & CO.,
Newbern, N. C.

June 8-256-tf

AURORA BURNING FLUID.

WE OFFER TO THE PUBLIC THIS CELEbrated Fluid, and in doing so we feel assured that its superiority over any other FLUID OR OIL will give it a favorable acceptance with the public at large. It is NON-EXPLOSIVE. Free from any disagreeable smell.

It will not grease the hands.
It will not soil or grease the clothing.
It produces a soft and beautiful light.
It is not trying to the eyes.
It is the Cheapest Burning Fluid ever offered.
It can be used in any Kerosene Lamp by changing the burner.

It has been most favorably received, and pronounced by judges to be the BEST AND MOST RELIABLE BURNING FLUID now in use.

We are prepared to furnish the trade with this valuable article at low rates, and we solicit from the public examination and trial. We are also prepared to furnish LAMPS, CHIMNEYS, BURNERS and WICKS. Rights to manufacture the oil or to sell in each county, will be sold on reasonable terms on application to

R. W. BEST & CO.,
Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers,
July 13-289-3m Raleigh, N. C

Important to Cotton Planters.

I HAVE UNDER MY CONTROL AN EXPErienced **Machinist**, sent by the Manufacturers, to set in order the CLEMONS, BROWN & CO'S COTTON GINS, which may need repairing. Application should be made at once to secure his services in time.

Also, now is the time to send in your orders for new Gins, that they may arrive in time for the growing crop. Price reduced $5 cts. on the saw, and *only* inland freight added.

JAMES M. TOWLES, Agent
Aug. 28 18 2w For Clemmons, Brown & Co.

PRIME WHITE MEAL.

I am prepared to furnish any quantity of Choice Meal at short notice, and have constantly on hand FIFTY BUSHELS, at lowest market price.

DOUGLAS BELL.

Aug 8-269-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

ALLAN & JOHNSON.

WHOLESALE

Seedsmen, Nurserymen & Florists.

1506 MAIN ST.,

(UNDER ST. CHARLES HOTEL)

Richmond, Va.

Oct 13-1y

VIRGINIA SPRINGS.

The following celebrated VIRGINIA SPRINGS, of easy access by railroads and short stage lines, over good roads, in comfortable coaches by contract limited to ten passengers, will be open for visitors on and after the 1st of JUNE 1867:

WHITE SULPHUR,
GREENBRIER COUNTY, W. VA.

SWEET SPRINGS AND SALT SULPHUR SPRINGS,
MONROE COUNTY, W. VA.

Route via Virginia Central railroad to Jackson River depot until about 10th. July, when the railroad will be run to Covington; and from Bonsack's, on the Virginia and Tennessee railroad, *via* stages.

HOT SPRINGS,
HEALING SPRINGS, and
BATH ALUM SPRINGS,
BATH COUNTY, VA.

Route via Virginia Central railroad to Millboro' depot.

ROCKBRIDGE ALUM SPRINGS,
ROCKBRIDGE COUNTY, VA.

Route via Virginia Central railroad to Goshen depot.

AUGUSTA WHITE SULPHUR ALUM SPRINGS,
(FORMERLY STRIBLING'S.)

Route via Central railroad to Staunton, thence by stages to the Springs.

ALLEGHANY SPRINGS,
MONTGOMERY COUNTY, VA.

Route via Virginia Central, Orange and Alexandria, to Shawsville depot, on Virginia and Tennessee railroad.

COYNER'S SULPHUR SPRINGS,
BOTETOURT COUNTY, VA.

Route as above to Coyner's Springs station, Virginia and Tennessee railroad.

THROUGH TICKETS

can be procured at the principal cities West, North, and South, to all the above named Springs.

THE PROPRIETORS

of the above Springs have provided an entire outfit of

NEW FURNITURE, &c.

in all departments, and will use every effort to make visitors satisfied.

May 30-250-1m*

ST. JAMES HOTEL,

NEW ORLEANS.

PROPRIETORS:

WM. A. HURD.....Of New Orleans.
W. P. CORKERY, Spottswood Hotel, Richmond.

TELEGRAPH AND RAILROAD OFFICES,
IN ROTUNDA OF HOTEL.

July 4-283-3m

GOLDSBORO FEMALE COLLEGE.

THE NEXT SCHOLASTIC YEAR WILL BEgin on Monday, the 30th. of September, 1867, and continue forty weeks. The year will be divided into two sessions of twenty weeks each, between which there will be no vacation till July, 1868.

The Faculty the same as heretofore. Pupils received at any time and charged from date of arrival. Thorough instruction; parental discipline; advantages unsurpassed anywhere; very moderate charges; healthy location; religious privileges of all denominations ample; and every facility for intellectual and moral improvement.

Board and Tuition, per session of twenty weeks, $95, in currency.

For particulars, address the undersigned, or Prof. E. W. ADAMS, Goldsboro, N. C.

Rev. S. MILTON FROST,
President.

July 22-296-2aw4w

JOHN W. HINSDALE,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

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July 22-294-tf

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Aug 17-9-2m

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June 24-259-3m

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The Third Session of this School will begin on the First Wednesday of September next, and end on the last Wednesday of June 1868, consisting of two terms of five months each.

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REFERENCES: The Faculty of the University of Va.

July 17-292-tf

NOTICE.

The next session of the North Carolina Institution for the Deaf and Dumb and the Blind will commence on Monday, the 2nd. day of September, 1867.

Any information in relation to the admission of pupils can be obtained upon application to me, by letter or otherwise.

W. J. PALMER,
Principal.

Aug 14-7-1m

MISCELLANEOUS.

BENJAMIN ROBINSON,

[LATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.]

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

257 Nassau Street,

NEW YORK.

Associated with ROGER A. PRYOR, Esq., formerly of Virginia, will attend, thoroughly and promptly, to all business committed to his management.

Aug. 24, 1867—15-1y

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236 COILS JUTE ROPE, hand spun; Bales Gunny Bagging, standard weight.

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WANTED,

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A man of experience, and a native of the State, with good references, preferred. Apply to

D. P. DAUGHTREY,
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Aug. 31—4w Hertford, N. C.

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J. W. WATSON.

Raleigh, June 4-233-tf

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The course of study to be pursued is thorough, the government firm and decided; the expenses very low; the health and morality of the community unsurpassed.

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Tuition, College Classes,	30.00.
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Room rent, Fuel, Washing, &c., about	25.00.

All indigent young men, maimed in the late war and incapacitated for severe physical exertion, will be charged only *one half* of the above rates of Tuition.

For further particulars, send for a Prospectus. Address,

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Mt. Pleasant, Cabarrus Co., N. C.

June 14-262-3m

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June 25-271 6m

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FRESH TURNIP SEED.

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Early flat Dutch	Turnip.
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July 24-295-tf

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CATHARTIC AND ALTERATIVE PILLS.

RECOMMENDED BY THE BEST PHYSIcians. Purely Vegetable. No Calomel in them. Never Gripe; being Coated with Gum Tolu are perfectly tasteless.

For regulating the Bowels, and for the cure of Bilious Fever, Bilious Headache, Constipation or Costiveness, Jaundice, Indigestion, Piles, Dyspepsia, Liver Diseases, Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Sick Headache, and all diseases where a reliable Cathartic medicine is required.

Dr. W. P. Mallett, who has no superior as a Physician in North Carolina, has examined the formula by which these pills are made and highly recommends them.

Col. W. J. Martin, the distinguished Patriot and Professor of Chemistry in the University of North Carolina, has analyzed them, and certifies that they contain no Mercury or any other mineral constituent whatever.

Call and get a Circular.

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Manufacturing Chemist,
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AND THE MOST PALATABLE STOMACHIC EVER USED.

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Dr. Johnston B. Jones, one of the most scientific and well known Physicians in the Southern States, testifies to its great value, besides many others who have been greatly benefited by the use of these Bitters.

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R. B. SAUNDERS,
Manufacturing Chemist,
Feb 1-150-tf Chapel Hill, N. C.

For sale in Raleigh by
WILLIAMS & HATWOOD.

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The Sentinel is published every day, except Sunday, on the following terms:

For one month	$ 0 50
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THE SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, } SEATON GALES, EDITORS.

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 10, 1867.

THE AMNESTY PROCLAMATION.

In our evening edition of yesterday, (and it will also be found in this morning's edition,) we published the telegraphic dispatch containing President Johnson's second Amnesty Proclamation. It is said that it is never too late to do good; hence, we accept the Proclamation as a mark of the Executive kindness and clemency towards the Southern people. Our pleasure is, however, marred by the exceptions made. Where there is evidence against any persons, sufficient to convict, that they were *participes criminis* in the diabolical assassination of President Lincoln, we grant there should be no forgiveness of them, no pardon; but, in every other conceivable case, viewed in the light of a sound statesmanship and the interests of humanity and of the whole nation, we can see no good reason why a "great and magnanimous" government and people should not freely forgive. Especially is this the case in regard to the late revolt, where there are so many reasons which propelled the actors in the "rebellion," growing out of so many and long provocations to ill-feeling on the part of a Northern faction, which has since grown to be a great party. For when the history of the whole affair is truthfully written up, grievously as the South may have erred, she may turn upon her accusers and say, "*Thou did'st it*, and yet grievously have I atoned for my share of the sin, by untold sufferings and sacrifices."

But what is the Proclamation worth practically? A correct answer to this can only be given, when "the Constitution and the laws made in conformity thereto" are acknowledged by the Congress and the Republican party, to be the "supreme law of the land." Not until then. The right of President Johnson, under the Constitution, to issue his former Proclamation, to grant the personal pardons he has done since, as well as to make the present Proclamation, is indisputable. In law, the pardon of the Executive, when granted according to the Constitution, as President Johnson has done in every case, not only forgives the offender's past offences, but declares him absolved from all guilt, restores him to all his former immunities, franchises and rights, and renders him no longer amenable to law, either past, present or future, for his old offences. The government of the United States, as it existed from the first, and as it *still* exists in name and form, cannot itself claim the power, nor can it legitimately allow the claim of any power in any part of the government or people of the United States, or of any and all the powers of the world, to annul or cancel, or modify or vitiate, the pardon thus granted by the Executive of the United States. It is his prerogative alone, and none can destroy it lawfully.

Yet the Congress has treated the Executive pardon with scorn and contempt, and nullified and abrogated it, palpably, both in the adoption of the Howard amendment and the late Reconstruction Acts, by disfranchising those whom the Executive pardon constitutionally and legally enfranchised.—How, then, can any Republican talk of the "supremacy of the Constitution and the laws," without blushing with the deepest shame? How can any man, who reveres the Constitution and the laws, allow himself to be identified an hour with the Republican party, whose great leader, Mr. Stevens, boldly acknowledges that his party in Congress, in the matter of reconstruction, utterly repudiates and ignores the Constitution? Will any man dare look his neighbor in the face and claim to be a friend of the Constitution, and allow himself to be called a *Republican*, when that party acts upon the principle, and gloats over it, that "the voice of the people," and not the Constitution, is the supreme law of the land; and justifies and sustains the Congress, which *derives all its powers from the Constitution itself*, when it utterly repudiates and ignores that Constitution?

In a word, the present amnesty Proclamation of the President, as well as the previous one, and all his personal pardons, are valid in law and will protect the pardoned, whenever the present Constitution and laws made in conformity thereto become the supreme law of the land; but, until then, they are not worth the paper upon which they are written, while the country is governed by the Radical Republican party and its principles.

SHORTLY AFTER Mr. C. L. Harris, (who voted against allowing the negroes to testify in the Courts,) had offered his resolution, in the late Jacobin Convention, requesting the District Commander to suspend the collection of taxes, a Mr. Cannon, from somewhere West of the Blue Ridge, introduced the following:

Resolved, That the Republican party of North Carolina pledge ourselves to the speedy construction of the Central Railroad West to Ducktown.

Of course, it was adopted, and we have been remiss, while publishing the "platform," in not giving this plank. If it had been a resolution providing for a Railroad to the North Pole, it would have been adopted all the same. The majority of the Convention knew as well the whereabouts of the one as the other. "*Ducktown*" suggested *poultry*, probably; and that was enough.

At all events, the Republican party stand "pledged to a *speedy*" railroad to "Ducktown." Where's the money to come from? Surely, these patriots, who are so sensitive about oppressive taxes, do not propose to raise the money by "speedy" taxation.—How then?

Editorial Correspondence.

A TRIP TO NORFOLK.

NORFOLK, VA., Sept. 6, 1867.

Dear Major:—I left you on Wednesday morning last, designing to spend a day or two in this city, to enjoy momentary relief from the fatigues of the office, to see again the smiling faces of old friends and to form the acquaintance of new ones.

Along the route to Weldon, I was glad to see considerable improvement in the appearance of the corn and cotton crops, which had been seriously injured by the heavy rains of the Spring and Summer.—The improvement of the cotton crop is very marked. A late Fall will give us a large crop of cotton in the State. But the poor prospect of the corn crop made me sad, and I hope will prove a lesson to our planters in future. No country can become truly independent, when agriculturalists neglect the production of those articles essential to life, for the sake of a large market crop of any one article. It will always prove "a saving at the spigot and letting out at the bung." The tobacco crop of Granville and Warren appeared to be very fine.

At Weldon I stopped at Farrell's Hotel, where I enjoyed the hospitality of its generous proprietor. Mr. Farrell keeps an excellent table. You have already noticed the issue, by Messrs. Stone & Lyon, of the Roanoke *News*, which takes the place of the Weldon *State*,—Messrs. Kerr & Day now devoting themselves to the profession of the law. The *News* is very creditable to the proprietors. Here we met with R. A. Young, Esq., of that excellent Petersburg house, Messrs. R. A. Young & Co. He kindly showed us the new cars of the Petersburg Railroad, on which passengers take seats at Weldon and do not leave them until they reach Acquia Creek. We have seen nothing more elegant or comfortable in the way of Railroad accommodation. You can rest as you choose, either sitting or sleeping. These arrangements will draw many passengers to that line.

At half-past 3 o'clock, we left Weldon for Norfolk. The Seaboard line is being conducted with great energy. The running is swift and safe, and the Conductors are obliging. It is doing a good business and exhibits the tact and energy of its officers, and especially of Mr. Ohio, its Superintendent. I arrived at Norfolk at half-past 7 o'clock and took lodgings at the "National," now very handsomely kept by Mr. Walters, the son of the late Bray Walters, of famous Hotel memory. There I met with my old friend, Jos. S. Cannon, Esq., whose kindly attentions I acknowledge with pleasure. He is residing a short distance from the city on a farm devoted to wine raising and fruits, and will no doubt make a good thing of it. I regretted that my stay was too short to enable me to visit his farm, and the many elegant *truck* farms around Norfolk.

Next morning, and the following, I visited the market, which would do the eyes of any man good, who has seen nothing of late but our North Carolina markets. There every species of fresh meats, vegetables, fruits, melons, and fish are to be had in the greatest abundance. This is the season for *spots*, a splendid pan fish. The truck and fruit farms of Norfolk, Princess Ann, Nansemond, Isle of Wright and Surry, are doing a splendid business in supplying the Norfolk and Northern markets. The strawberry and gooseberry crops are very remunerating. I heard of one gentleman in Surry, whose crop of June apples alone was said to have been worth $14,000, the present year. Every thing is pressed to produce early fruits and vegetables for the Norfolk, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York and Boston markets, and the regular steamers afford ample facilities for it. The Counties of Gates, Hertford, Northampton, Halifax, Warren, Granville, Franklin, and even Wake, might bear a share in this trade, if they would put the spurs on. Energy, industry, promptness and foresight will do and are doing wonders.

I have seldom been so much gratified, as at meeting with my old friends Mr. Bockover, Col. Hinton, Maj. Baker, Mr. Constable, Maj. Biggs, J. G. Womble, Col. Cheek, Mr. Reynolds and others. The hospitality of several of them would not allow me to remain at the Hotel. All of them are doing well. Our readers will be pleased to learn, that Messrs. Martin, Baker and Hinton, Attornies at Law, are doing a splendid business. I found their office seldom empty of clients.

It has been several years since I visited Norfolk. I should judge that it has doubled its inhabitants since 1859, having now nearly 30,000, and I am free to say, that my impressions are, that it has quadrupled its energy, enterprise, promptness and business tact since that time. Nor is it *Yankee* energy, though there are a number of excellent and enterprising Northern men here; but it is double-distilled and vastly improved North Carolina, Virginia and Maryland *energy*, and much of it was learned in the harsh, rigorous school of the late war. Norfolk is, however, almost emphatically a North Carolina city, a large share of its merchants having been born in our good old North State. Indeed, if, as the old lady said, "it would not make it *stinky*," a good portion of the people of Norfolk would not object to having it ceded to North Carolina.

I found our excellent cotemporaries of the Norfolk *Journal*, *Virginian* and *Day Book*, all right side up and doing well. We regretted the absence of Mr. Hope, of the *Virginian*, but found Messrs. Foster and Raboteau, of the *Day Book*, (C. C. Raboteau, formerly of Raleigh,) polite and glad to see us. Messrs. Lewellen, Wilson and Sharpe of the *Journal*, we found all we could wish. To our friend Lewellen we are greatly indebted for many favors. He reminded us of the true Virginia gentleman, as did hosts of those we met. The truth is, those who could snatch from business a little time to talk, kept us so busy a-chatting, we had but scant time to attend to the little business we had on hand.

Every where we saw signs of life and good feeling. The people of Norfolk seem to have given up political reconstruction altogether to the Congress and the politicians, and each one appears to be bent upon reconstructing his own personal affairs and the present and future interests of the city. Most of the merchants are young men and they are succeeding finely. Over one hundred fine brick buildings are now going up in the city, many of them elegant stores and dwellings. The proprietors of the Atlantic Hotel have just broken ground on a fine lot near the Custom House and city Post Office. It is to be a very spacious and elegant building. Three banks are in operation, besides several private bankers, all doing a good business, and, we learn, one or two other banks are spoken of.

The amount of shipping in port was not large, but a splendid Fall business is anticipated. We found a universal sentiment prevailing in favor of direct trade with Europe. Col. Lamb, who has taken the initiative step in this matter, backed up by Maj. Reynolds and the merchants and people generally, has secured a fine line of steamers for this trade, and the first steamer will be ready for sailing about the 15th of October. It is expected that an additional line will be put into this trade at once, and the merchants and farmers of Virginia and North Carolina *must sustain it*. We hope to see Petersburg and Richmond sharing largely in this enterprise. There is room for all. The operations of the Atlantic Iron Works, near the city, have been greatly enlarged and they are doing a fine business.

Portsmouth is closely identified with Norfolk. The delay of Congress to put the Navy Yard fully at work, greatly retards the progress of the place. Yet its merchants are doing well. Messrs. J. B. Hunter & Co. are doing a fine business, and much of it from N. C.

I must reserve my speculations upon the trade and prospects of Norfolk, for another letter. W. E. P.

GEN. SICKLES' DEFENCE.

Gen. Sickles is out with a lengthy vindication of his course. Not having published the *expose* of Acting Attorney General Binckley, we do not feel called upon to cumber our columns with the explanation of General Sickles. The document, indeed, furnishes but few facts which our readers and the public are not already sufficiently acquainted with. We make some extracts, however:

"The complaint now made is that I have forbidden the execution of the process of a court of the United States in North Carolina, and thus set myself above the law of the land. If it had been fairly said that I entertained the opinion that the same reasons of public policy which constrained me to determine the time and manner in which collections of debts should be enforced in the State courts, should equally guide me in the exercise of a just and necessary discretion in like cases in all courts in this military district, my position would have been truly stated, for I do firmly believe that Congress, intending to secure the restoration of these States to the Union, made all other considerations subsidiary to the accomplishment of this end. I do not believe that processes of courts of the United States should override and set aside the orders Congress has empowered me to make for the execution of its measures. If it was further said, as it might be truly, and should be justly said, that I had never received directly or indirectly any intimation that my superior in authority differed with me in this opinion, and desired the measure taken in furtherance of it modified, many existing apprehensions as to my conduct and motives would be corrected."

It will thus be observed that Gen. Sickles plants himself squarely upon his interpretation of the Reconstruction Acts, that they entirely subordinated the civil to the military authority. We have heretofore expressed the opinion that, such being his view of the case, he could not have done otherwise than he did in resisting the process of the Federal Courts under Gen. Order No. 10.—But we are, nevertheless, at a loss to see how he can allege that he "never received, directly or indirectly, any intimations that his superior in authority differed with him in this opinion or desired the measure taken in furtherance of it modified," in the face of the fact that four days before his second interference with the Federal process he received the following positive orders:

WAR OFFICE, WASHINGTON, Aug. 13, '67.
Maj. Gen. D. E Sickles, Charleston, S. C.:

Paragraph two, General Orders No. 10, current series, must not be construed to bar action of a United States Court. Authority conferred on District commanders does not extend in any respect over the acts of courts of the United States.

U. S. GRANT, General.

Gen. Sickles vaguely alludes to this dispatch, but his omission to give it in his "defence" is significant.

Gen. Sickles has the following on the *equity* of the matter:

"While proceedings in the courts of these States for causes of action arising during the rebellion are stayed—once open wide the doors of United States courts in this district for such litigation, and who will mark the limit to fraud and perjury provoked by the cupidity which will be invoked to secure the jurisdiction of the federal tribunals? The citizen of North Carolina, whose debtor is in North Carolina, has no remedy but in the courts of that State. The citizens of South Carolina, having with each other the same relation, are restricted also as to their forum. In the recovery of whatever these citizens of the same States respectively claim against citizens of the same State they must wait for a certain specified time in some cases; in others until a loyal or legal State government is established. But the citizen of Virginia crosses the line and sues the citizen of North Carolina in courts of the United States for that State, and the citizen of Georgia comes into the courts of the United States for South Carolina and does the same.

It is conceded that the military authority is made by Congress supreme, if not exclusive, in regard to the people of these ten States in their respective territorial limits. If persons under the same military government in their respective Sates would cease to be so in either by crossing into the limits of the other, I may ask what opinion can be had of the consistency with which the power of the government is thus exercised? What effect it must produce upon the people of these States is too plain to be discussed."

He concludes as follows:

"I have great satisfaction in reporting that the present condition of affairs in the Carolinas is one of peace and order; of general security to persons and property; of gradual restoration in material welfare; of increased comfort and prosperous industry. It is because of this improved condition of affairs that the execution of the recent measures of Congress, designed for the future government of these States, is proceeding in all respects most satisfactorily.

The people of the Carolinas are at this moment accomplishing the first of the two great tests which are presented to them—registration and election—without the slightest show of violence or tumult. A spectacle is daily presented at the different precincts, of men of different caste, and of all classes, placing their names on the registry of voters, without strife or disorder, that but a short time since would have been considered as involving inevitable conflict and bloodshed.

And, if existing orders and regulations remain in force, there are no sufficient grounds to apprehend any serious interruption of the tranquility, security, and order which have happily been maintained."

RADICAL RESPECT FOR THE POPULAR WILL.—Without any apology for so gross an attempt to defeat the popular will, the Radicals announce that if the Union majority cannot be retained in the California Legislature, Governor Low is expected to call an extra session of the present Legislature to ratify the constitutional amendment.

STATE ITEMS.

—— The *Old North State*, of Saturday, give the following account of a most distressing affair:

"The citizens of this city were shocked, on last night, at hearing that Mr. John Rich, residing about four miles from this place, was shot and mortally wounded on yesterday evening, by Moses A. Bencini, of this place, upon learning that Rich had seduced his sister. The parties were respectable, and altogether it is one of the saddest and most mournful occurrences we have ever been called upon to record. As the whole matter will undergo judicial investigation we deem it imprudent to enter into any of the details. Mr. Bencini promptly surrendered himself to the civil authorities and is now in custody."

The frequent occurrence of cases of seduction and rape marks a deplorable state of demoralization. If this man Rich was guilty, he deserved his fate. If any crime merits death, it is that of seduction. It is fully as detestable and horrible as rape, and yet while the law properly makes the latter a capital felony, it virtually allows the infamous seducer to go unwhipt of justice. Female purity and virtue should be protected from the approaches of the insidious destroyer, at all hazards. If *they* become demoralized, too, society is wrecked altogether.

—— The *Conservative* is the name of a new journal, recently established at Washington, N. C., under the editorial auspices of Lewis E. Satterthwaite, Esq. Its politics are indicated by its title, and its columns are well and ably filled.

—— Lindsay Barnes, of Davidson County, committed suicide, by cutting his throat, on Thursday last. No cause assigned. He was a very respectable young man and leaves a wife and one child.

—— The Wilson *Carolinian*, speaking of the Jacobin Convention, puts the whole matter in a nut-shell—"*thusly*:"

"We do not believe that the Convention has advanced the prospects of its party in the State. On the contrary, we believe that our citizens will now be convinced that neither wisdom nor honor will permit their co operation with a party professing such principles and controlled by such leaders.—Let all honest men beware of it. It can only contaminate and debase them."

——The Editor of the *Old North State* thus discourseth about our Raleigh hotels:

"During our stay in "the City of Oaks," we stopped with our friend Blair, of the Yarborough House. We can truthfully bear testimony that all that has been said in praise of this popular hotel, under the management of Mr. Blair, is well deserved—it is emphatically one of the very best houses in the South.

We were glad to see that Mr. Cunningim, with his usual energy, has already erected and opened, to the public, a new hotel on the site of the old Exchange, destroyed by fire last winter. The new Exchange, we doubt not, will also be an excellent house."

For the Sentinel.

NEW YORK, Sept. 3d, 1867.

EDITORS SENTINEL:—My attention was directed a few days ago to an article recently published in your columns, copied from the Petersburg *Index*, in which that accomplished gentleman and true patriot, Gen. Roger A. Pryor, was very soundly abused and *slandered*.

Feeling assured that it must be far from your purpose to give currency to a calumny, and confident that you will not hesitate to repair as far as in your power the wrong done to the reputation of that gentleman, I ask at your hands the publication of a brief statement of fact.

General Pryor has, since he became a citizen of New York, had no connection with any political movement. He has, on the other hand, quietly devoted all of his time to the labors of his profession. But, at the same time, he has been during the last two years no uninterested spectator of what has been transpiring in the country. His sympathies have been actively enlisted for the South. He has cherished, as only those of his generous nature can, a deep and constant affection for his native section and its people. He has been a friend, a counsellor, a guardian to the Southerners whose misfortunes have driven them into exile here, and especially to those who have needed assistance. He is not made of the stuff out of which recreants are formed. In a word, the allegation that he is a Radical, and the insinuation that he got out of prison through a sacrifice of one iota of self-respect, or by an abandonment of honor, though made by the *Index* with such a brazen pretense of assurance, are without the slightest foundation in fact.

It is true, I believe, that Gen. Pryor is not an admirer of Mr. Davis; but I am sure that he does not denounce him, and I am confident he does not make unkind criticisms of that distinguished, but unfortunate, gentleman. At any rate, although I am constantly in his company and frequently converse with him upon subjects, the discussion of which would, most likely, evoke any unkind reference which he might feel disposed to make, I have yet to hear one word of reproach, one single reflection against the character of the exiled patriot.

When the question as to an acceptance or rejection of the Howard amendment was open, I think Gen. Pryor, believing that policy demanded the sacifice, advised his friends to acquiesce in the terms offered.—But he was governed by motives that were as pure as are the thoughts of innocent childhood, as free from selfishness as is the unspeakable love of a devoted mother.

If I were disposed, I might throw some light on the origin of the attack of the *Index*, but I forbear in the merest pity.

This letter is written to you without the knowledge of Gen. Pryor—who, perhaps, and for aught I know, has not seen the tirade of the *Index*—and is forwarded at the suggestion of friends of that gentleman, who are unwilling that he should be so grossly misrepresented, and who act merely in the interest of JUSTICE.

A dispatch from Charleston says the staff and officers of Gen. Sickles' command gave him a dinner, served in fine style, at the Mills House, on Saturday evening. General Candy and staff were the invited guests.—The best feeling prevailed and the following sentiment was offered: "Our departing guest—the retiring commander, carrying with him our affectionate attachment, thoroughly earned. May a prosperous voyage bear him where welcomes await him as cordial as our adieus are regretful." To this General Sickles responded in a short speech.

ANOTHER REPORT ABOUT MR. CHASE.—It appears that Mr. Chase had something to do with the suspension of Mr. Stanton and placing General Grant in the War Department; also, that just prior to the removal of Stanton Mr. Chase and Johnson were closeted together, and the steps forthwith decided upon by Mr. Johnson were the result of that interview.—*N. Y. World.*

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TAYLOR, MARTIN & CO.,
IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN
HARDWARE, CUTLERY, IRON,
STEEL, BELTING, PACKING,
WAGON MATERIAL, &c.
CORNER MAIN STREET AND MARKET SQUARE,
NORFOLK, VIRGINIA.
Sept. 10—30-3m

W. E. BENBURY,
OF NORTH CAROLINA, WITH
W. R. C. LAND,
DEALER IN
LUMBER, LIME, COAL, WOOD, HAY,
SHINGLES, LATHS,
PLASTER, HAIR, TAR, PITCH AND TURPENTINE,
WIDE WATER ST. AND WOODSIDE'S WHARF,
Norfolk, Va.
Sept. 10—30-3m

L. BERKLEY, | W. M. MILLAR, | J. W. GRANDY, Formerly of N. C.
BERKLEY, MILLAR & CO.,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS,
16 WEST MAIN STREET,
NEXT TO EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK,
NORFOLK, Va.
Sept. 10—30-3m

WILLIAM LAMB,
GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT,
NORFOLK, Va.
FOR the sale of Cotton, Tobacco—Lugs, Strips, Smoking and Leaf—Wheat, Flour, Corn, Dried Fruit, and all other country products,
In the Markets of
NORFOLK, LIVERPOOL AND LONDON.
Also Agents for Norfolk & Liverpool Steamers.
LIBERAL ADVANCES MADE ON CONSIGNMENTS.
I have secured the services of Mr. C. E. DUNN, of NORTH CAROLINA, who will call on his friends and acquaintances in Central and Western Carolina, and he will be pleased to give all desired information to those addressing him, care of B. P. WILLIAMSON & CO., Raleigh, N. C.
July 19-29-2m

W. H. CHEEK, | W. E. CAPEHART, | C. CAPEHART,
CHEEK, CAPEHART & CO.,
GROCERS,
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
No. 35 Commerce Street,
NORFOLK, VA.
A supply of Pure PERUVIAN GUANO and other Fertilizers. ROPE, BAGGING, GROCERIES and LIQUORS, kept constantly on hand.
Aug 29-11-6m

COWAND & HARRISS,
General Commission Merchants,
26 Commerce Street,
NORFOLK, VIRGINIA,
WILL ATTEND PROMPTLY TO SALES OF Cotton, Grain, Lumber, Tobacco, Naval Stores, &c., and purchase of Supplies. Will forward Cotton to Europe FREE of forwarding CHARGE.
D. G. COWAND, Washington co., N. C. aug10-3m
R. J. HARRISS, Granville, late of Halifax co., N. C.

J. B. HUNTER & CO.,
COTTON FACTORS,
—AND—
Produce Commission Merchants,
CORNER HIGH & WATER STREETS,
Portsmouth, Va.
Will sell in the markets of NORFOLK AND PORTSMOUTH, LIVERPOOL, OR LONDON, Cotton, Tobacco, Naval Stores, Dried Fruit and all marketable Produce.
Liberal advancements made on actual shipments, and personal attention paid to purchase of merchandise.
Aug 13-5-3m

BASE BALL.
There will be a called meeting of the "Crescent B. B. Club," at their Club Room, this (Tuesday) evening, at 8 o'clock. Business of importance will be transacted, and a full meeting is expected and needed.
Sept. 10—It W. E. ANDERSON, President.

THE FIRE EXTINGUISHER.
This Portable, Self-Acting Fire Engine

IS OFFERED TO THE Public as a ready, certain and speedy means of preventing LARGE CONFLAGRATIONS.
Until the invention of the
Portable, Self-Acting Fire Engine,
Fires have been met by means too slow, too late and too cumbrous. But few persons in this country have the advantage of large hand or Steam Fire Engines, and those few often suffer a total loss of their property by reason of the great length of time consumed in sending for and getting them into working order.
BUT NOT SO WITH THE FIRE EXTINGUISHER,
which, being kept charged and standing in your House, Store or Factory, is always
Ready for Instant Service.
The fire can be extinguished and your property saved without loss or damage, or even an alarm of Fire.
The first few minutes of conflagration decide the fate of the property; "a little fire is quickly put out, which, being suffered, rivers cannot quench."
THE EXTINGUISHER, being very simple in its operation, and entirely self-propelling, requires no previous skill or practice to operate it, and being so light, portable and self-acting, is capable of being used in any place, by any person, male or female.
It puts out all fires, arising from whatever cause. You are saved from the immense water damage caused by large Engines.
You can effect insurance on your property
At Lower Rates,
if protected by the Extinguisher.
The Extinguisher is no humbug, as thousands of good men in Europe and America will testify. I have already put these little Engines into some of our best Factories and largest Schools in N. C.
No House, Store, Factory, or Corporation is safe without them.
The price is as nothing, compared with the protection they afford.
Send for a Circular,
LEWIS C. HANES,
General Agent for N. C.
Lexington, N. C.
Messrs. W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO. are my Agents for the City of Raleigh.
Sept. 10—30-3m L. C. H.

MEDICINES, &C.
THE BEST
BLOOD PURIFIER
In the World,
DR. LAWRENCE'S
CELEBRATED
ROSADALIS.
READ THE FOLLOWING
HOME CERTIFICATES
From Physicians.
We hereby certify that the Rosadalis is prepared by a Physician, who is an experienced Pharmaceutist and Chemist, and that his remedy is an efficient and reliable one in SCROFULA, Syphilis, &c., it having performed some remarkable cures in this vicinity.
W. A. DUGGAN, M. D.,
E. BARNES, M. D.
R. W. KING, M. D.
Wilson, N. C., February 4th, 1866.
We hereby certify that we regard Dr. Lawrence's Compound Extract of Rosadalis as a Reliable Alterative, &c.
A. D. MOORE, M. D.,
L. A. SMITH, M. D.
Wilson, N. C., May 10, 1867.
Edgecombe County, N. C., May 24, 1867.
DR. J. J. LAWRENCE—*Dear Sir*—Please send me immediately per Express to Tarboro, two dozen more bottles of your Rosadalis. I have carefully examed its Formula, and have used it in my practice in a number of cases. I am well pleased with it. I think it, beyond doubt, the best Alterative I ever used. I have tried it in several cases of Scrofula and Scrofulous Affections, &c., with much satisfaction to myself and patients. I have also used it in Secondary and Teritary Syphilis, [one a terrible case of eight years' standing,] in which it acted with surprising and satisfactory effect—making a quick and thorough cure. I have, therefore, no hesitation in recommending it to Physicians and others, as the most reliable Alterative now known.
Respectfully yours, &c.,
A. B. NOBLES, M. D.
A Wonderful Cure of Scrofulous White Swelling.
HOME CERTIFICATE.
I hereby certify, that last September I was attacked with White Swelling of the left knee—and also with an enlargement of the glands of the neck—[one Minor reached a large size.] The swelling of the knee was enormous, and was attended with the most excruciating pains. I was so reduced that I was confined to my room over three months. My leg was so completely drawn up, that I could not bend it at all. I tried various remedies, and they failed to give me any relief. I was in this condition when I commenced taking Dr. Lawrence's Rosadalis. The swelling in the knee and neck began to subside before I took all of the first bottle. By the time I took the second bottle, the swelling of the neck entirely disappeared and that of the knee nearly so. After taking three bottles I found myself completely well—able to walk as well as ever, &c.
LATIMER WILLIAMS.
Wilson, May 12, 1867.
Rosadalis will cure the very worst cases of Chronic Rheumatism.
HOME CERTIFICATE.
Wilson, N. C., May 6th, 1867.
I hereby certify that I was cured of long standing Chronic Rheumatism, by taking four bottles of Dr. Lawrence's Rosadalis.
JAMES WILLIS.
Rosadalis cures Carbuncles, Boils, Pimples, &c.
Certificate from an old and much respected citizen of Greene County, now a resident of Wilson, N. C.
I hereby certify that, during the summer and fall of 1866, that I was severely afflicted with Carbuncles—having had as many as fourteen large Carbuncles, and twelve ordinary Boils. I suffered so much from them that I could not get out of the house half the time for several months. Being induced to try Dr. Lawrence's Rosadalis, I was entirely cured by the use of one bottle of that truly valuable medicine.
W. A. DARDEN, Sr.
Wilson, May 11th, 1867.
Consumption, in its Early Stages, can be Cured.
BALTIMORE, Md., March 4th, 1867.
Dear Dr. Lawrence—My daughter having been cured of a deeply seated disease of the lungs by your "Rosadalis," I feel it my duty to make the fact known to you for the benefit of others. She suffered nealy two years with a hard cough, which troubled her day and night; at last the emaciated form, glossy eye, night sweats, together with the cough, told too plainly that it was *Consumption*, beyond question, eating at her vitals. Our Physician's remedies brought no relief. She was advised to try your Rosadalis, as a tonic—which she did—imagine my surprise and gratification, when I found her appetite returning. Slowly she regained her strength, her cough and night sweats gradually ceased, and she is now, after taking five bottles of your medicine, apparently as well as ever.
Yours respectfully,
MRS. E. ANN SMITH.
Rosadalis cures all Skin Diseases.
Salt Rheum Cured! Remarkable Cure!!
DR. LAWRENCE, Wilson, N. C.:
My Dear Sir—For the last ten years (until recently) I suffered with an inveterate eruption of the skin—called by physicians "Salt Rheum," with which I suffered terribly; the pain and itching was almost intolerable. I tried several of the best physicians in Europe and this country—have visited several celebrated Springs—spent thousand of dollars—and failed to get any better. In December 1866, being in Charleston S. C., I was told by a gentleman at the hotel, that he had been cured of a bad tetter by a medicine called "Rosadalis." I resolved to try it, without any hope though of its doing me any good. I procured a bottle of Messrs. King & Cassiday, and commenced taking it. Finding, to my surprise, that I was improving, I bought four other bottles; but before commencing on the last two, I found I was completely well—the disease having entirely disappeared.
Enclosed find "One Hundred Dollars," which please accept as a token of my gratitude. Why do you not make your invaluable Rosadalis widely known?
Your sincere friend,
W. T. SELTZER.
Major John W. Dunham, one of the editors of the Wilson "North Carolinian," says in the issue of the 20th April, 1867: "I believe from personal experience, that the Rosadalis is the finest tonic ever prepared."
☞ Beware of Counterfeits.
☞ See that J. J. LAWRENCE & CO., is blown on the bottle and stamped on the cork. ☜
All Letters of Inquiry, &c., promptly answered.
Address
DR. J. J. LAWRENCE,
Wilson, N. C.
☞ *Sent anywhere by Express on receipt of price.* ☜
For sale by
WILLIAMS & HAKWOOD,
Druggists, Raleigh, N. C.
September 7—cowdm.

RAILROADS.
TO SHIPPERS.
NORTH CAROLINA
ALL STATE
RAILWAY LINES, (THAT USED TO BE!)
THE OLD RALEIGH & GASTON RAIL ROAD,
THE SHORTEST, QUICKEST, SAFEST AND BEST LINE, NORTH AND SOUTH, TO BE LEFT OUT IN THE COLD, UNLESS SHIPPERS SPECIALLY
SAY VIA. R. & G. R. R!
WE inaugurated and are the *Great Strong Inland Air Line Route* to all the Northern Markets, and have successfully worked the Line to the entire satisfaction of Shippers, North and South, for the last ten years, as the ten Thousand Shippers in North and South Carolina will testify. We paid the State near Seven Hundred Thousand Dollars for her Interest in this Road—thereby saving the people from Taxation for all time to come (40,000 per year; and we unhesitatingly declare that we can and will give more dispatch to all points, North and South, than any other Line.
NOTICE!
The Great Inland Air Line Freight
ROUTE,
Via THE RALEIGH & GASTON RAIL ROAD,
is the Short Line for Shippers, and you are required so to direct your Freights, or they will be taken by another Route!
To Insure your Freight being carried over this *Great* Inland Air Line safely, direct your consignors to mark your Freight, Care of Rail Road Agent, Portsmouth, Va., or City Point, Va., via *Raleigh & Gaston Rail Road*, and to ship as follows:
FROM BOSTON:
Merchants' & Miner's Line, end of Central Wharf, E. Sampson, Agent.
FROM NEW YORK:
Old Dominion Steamship Co., Shipping Point, Pier 37, North River, Foot Beach St., Office 187, Greenwich St. Cor. Dey; N. L. McCready, President.
FROM PHILADELPHIA:
(*Via* Annamessic,) Phila., Wilmington and Baltimore Depot, or Clyde's Line of Steamers, 14 N. Delaware Avenue, W. P. Clyde, Agent.
FROM BALTIMORE:
Baltimore Steam Packet Co., Bay Line Steamers, Foot Union Dock, L. B. Parks, Agent, or Powhatan Steam Boat Co, 90 Light Street Wharf.
C. B. ALLEN,
Freight Ag't
Aug 6-30-tf Raleigh, N. C.

MISCELLANEOUS.
REMOVAL.
JORDAN & CARR,
SUCCESSORS TO GEO. B. JONES & CO.,
Wholesale and Retail
DRUGGISTS,
PETERSBURG, VA.
HAVE removed their stock of Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Brushes, Window Glass, Dye-Stuffs, Perfumery, Fancy Articles, &c., to the new and commodious building, corner of Sycamore and Washington streets, recently fitted up in the best style, and suitably arranged for conducting the
Drug and Apothecary Business
on a large scale, both Wholesale and Retail.
Grateful for past patronage, they invite their former patrons and others in the city and country to favor them with their custom, assuring them that they will be well prepared to serve them.
Their Wholesale Department will be well attended to.
Physicians in the country may rely on them for pure articles.
Particular attention will be given to Physicians' Prescriptions, day and night.
WALTER B. JORDAN.] [JOSEPH CARR.
September 5—29-3m.
LOST SPECTACLES.
A pair of Gold Spectacles were dropped by a lady, on Sabbath evening, returning from the Methodist church. The finder will be suitably rewarded by leaving them at the Auction Store of JAMES M. TOWLES.
September 5—29-1w.
OATS.
25 Sacks of nicely cleaned OATS, on sale at FARMER'S HALL.
Also, prime FAMILY FLOUR by the sack or barrel.
JAMES M. TOWLES,
September 5—29-1w, Agent.
BALTIMORE FAMILY FLOUR.
Baltimore Family Flour—"Locust Point"—just received and for sale.
ALSO,
A fine lot of FACTORY CHEESE, very cheap.
PULLIAM, JONES & CO.,
Wholesale Grocers.
Raleigh, September 5—tf.
N. C. LARD.
Expected this evening:
PULLIAM, JONES & Co.,
Wholesale Grocers.
Raleigh, September 5—tf.
NOTICE.
Railroad Hotel Property at Raleigh for Rent.
SEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED at the Office of the Raleigh & Gaston R. R. until the 16th inst., for the rent of of the Hotel Department, attached to the Joint Passenger Depot, at Raleigh.
The property will be rented to July 1st, 1868, and the successful bidder will be required to keep a first-class Table.
The privilege of rejecting any or all proposals is reserved.
JAS. ANDERSON,
Sup't N. C. R. R.
A. B. ANDREWS,
Sept. 2—22-4d Sup't R. & G. R. R.
CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES!!!
To-day receiving at my Store,
Southampton Hams,
Balt. Sides and Shoulders,
Refined Lard,
Family Flour,
Prime White Meal,
Sugars, all grades,
Molasses, Syrups,
Teas, Coffees,
Superior Whiskey, to which your special attention is respectfully invited.
They will be sold low, and are warranted.
DOUGLAS BELL.
September 7—tf.
THE OHIO CORN HUSKER.
A Simple, Useful and Desirable Implement for Husking Corn.
Thousands have been sold and used in the North-West.
TIME IS MONEY.
Farmers, Try It.
SINGLE HUSKERS will be sent free, by mail, on receipt of 75 cents, or six for $3.
Boxes containing four dozen each, will be sent by Express, on receipt of order with the money, at $8.50 per dozen, or $4.00 for one dozen. Merchants, send your orders soon.
Address H. D. LOVE,
September 7—2w* Salem, N. C.
JUST PUBLISHED,
TURNER'S N. C. ALMANAC,
For 1868.
WE are now prepared to furnish the above Almanacs to Booksellers, Merchants and Dealers, in any quantity.
Orders will be promptly filled at $2 per hundred, or $25 per thousand.
WILLIAMS & LEMMON,
Booksellers and Stationers.
Sale limited—4—28-tf.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

PRICES REDUCED.

Advertisements will be inserted in the *Daily Sentinel* at the following rates. A *square* will be hereafter estimated at 12 *minion* lines, or 1¼ inches.

One square one time	$1,00
" " each subsequent insertion less than a week	50
One square one week	3,00
Each additional square one week	2,00
One square two weeks	5,00
Each additional square two weeks	3,50
One square one month	8,00
Each additional square one month	5,00
One square two months	12,00
Each additional "	6,00
One square three months	14,00
Each additional "	7,00
One quarter column "	25,00
One half column "	40,00
One column "	75,00

Regular business cards, 15 minion lines or less, will be charged only $10 for three months.

All advertisements or cards must be changed in form at least every three months. Contracts for more than three months made only at the above rates.

Special notices or advertisements required to be inserted on inside or any special place, will be charged 25 per cent higher than the above charges.

Advertisements inserted in Weekly and Semi-Weekly at rates corresponding with the above.

Court advertisements inserted 6 weeks for $7 cash or $10 if charged.

Advertisers will always find it to their advantage to enclose the cash when they send advertisements, to the extent they wish to pay for them.

THE SENTINEL.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 10, 1867.

CAPT. R. A. SHOTWELL, of Newbern, is our authorized agent to receive subscriptions and advertising for the *Sentinel* in Craven, Carteret, Jones and Onslow. He will spend the summer at Morehead City and Beaufort, and will give us the news from that section.

REGISTRATION.

	Whites	Blacks.
Duplin,	1,373	1,056
New Hanover	1,441	2,666
Northampton	462	844

THE MILITARY COMMISSION.

UNITED STATES *VS.* TOLAR, POWERS AND WATKINS.

MONDAY, Sept. 9.

The Court met pursuant to adjournment.

The Defence stated that their two remaining witnesses, James Ahearn and Owen Moore, had not yet arrived, and asked a continuance of the case until their arrival, especially until the arrival of James Ahearn, as he was a very important witness.

The Prosecution objected.

Upon consultation the Court refused to sustain the objection, but ordered that Ahearn be immediately arrested and brought up to Raleigh.

The Defence stated that they thought he would be here to-morrow, (to-day,) and agreed if he did not come at that time to close their case.

The Court then adjourned to this (Tuesday) morning, 11 o'clock, A. M.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—Capt. Hanes makes another announcement of his "Portable Fire Extinguisher." Messrs. W. H. & R. S. Tucker & Co. are his Agents for this City.

Everything that Farmers, Mechanics, Builders, &c. require, may be found at the establishment of Mitchell, Allen & Co., Newbern.

NORFOLK ADVERTISEMENTS.—Taylor, Martin & Co., Dealers in Hardware, Iron, Steel, Belting, Wagon Materials, &c., Corner of Main and Market Streets. Col. Taylor, of this firm, was Gen. Lee's Assistant Adjutant General, and is known, as such, throughout the country. He carries into his new business the same efficiency and energy that made him so accept able to his great Chief.

W. E. Benbury, (of N. C.) with W. R. C. Land, Dealer in Lumber, Lime, Coal, Wood, Shingles, Hay, Plaster, Turpentine, &c., Wide Water St., and Woodside's Wharf. A most enterprising House, and one offering every facility for consignments from North Carolina.

Berkley, Millar & Co., Dealers in Dry Goods and Notions, No. 16 West Main St. We cannot speak too highly of this House or of its liberal and enterprising proprietors. What cannot be found with them is not worth going further North after. Our friend Berkley has had a long and extensive experience in his line, and his taste and energy are proverbial.

Wm. Lamb, General Commission Merchant. Col. Lamb needs no endorsement. His heroic defence of Fort Fisher stamped the character of the man. We are pleased to learn that he is very hopeful of "Direct Trade" with Liverpool, in which cause he has been laboring, under many disadvantages, with indomitable spirit.

Cowand & Harriss, General Commission Merchants, 26 Commerce Street, Norfolk;

Cheek, Capehart & Co., Grocers and Commission Merchants, 35 Commerce Street;

J. B. Hunter & Co., Cotton Factors and Produce Commission Merchants, corner of High and Water Sts., Portsmouth.

These last are all prompt, reliable and energetic firms,—composed almost exclusively of North Carolinians. We commend them warmly to the confidence and patronage of our people.

CITY REGISTRATION.—Registration was resumed in this City, on yesterday, with the following result: Whites 32, Blacks 142. This makes the total thus far: Whites 771, Blacks 1,061.

The books will be opened again to-day. At some subsequent time, two days will be appointed for revision, and to afford an additional opportunity for all to register, who shall not have done so. We are tired of appealing to our white fellow-citizens to register. If they cannot see how plainly it is their duty and their interest to do so, we despair of being able to convince them.

RAPED'S COURT.—Private Patrick Gallegher, Co. E, 8th. U. S. Infantry, charged with attempting to shoot the Chief of Police, while in the discharge of his duty, was arrested by the Chief of Police, Thompson, on Martin Street, and lodged in the Guard House. Turned over to the military for investigation and trial.

F. Dewese and R. French were arrested by the night Police and lodged in the Guard House, for intoxication on the street. Fined $3 each.

GREEDY.—It is stated that some white and black Radicals had a barbecue at Sorrell's, in this County, on Saturday. When dinner was announced, the black brethren were told they must "wait for the second table." As the provision was not very abundant, the white Rads ate pretty much all there was, leaving the bones to their colored friends. A row ensued, in which the pale-faces are said to have been worsted. We don't vouch for the facts. We tell the tale as it was told to us. The white Rads are very much to blame, if true. They were greedy besides; and they will be just as greedy after the offices—leaving their negro allies only the bones and pickings.

WHO IS SHE?—The Baltimore papers having at last disclosed the name of the youthful and accomplished North Carolina *debutante*, who has recently appeared upon the boards of Holliday Street Theatre, we may state, what we have known for some time, "who she is." The young lady is Miss Laura Alexander, of Lincolnton, daughter of the late Julius Alexander, Esq., of Charlotte. She is described as possessing rare talents and accomplishments, and the *Gazette* speaks in high terms of her *debut*, in the fine comedy of *Caste*. So with the other papers, except the *American*, which was much pleased and so expressed itself, until it learned that Miss A. was a *Southern* young lady, when it opened the batteries of a harsh criticism upon her acting. With the true Jacobin spirit, it has now carried its politics into art, even to assailing the aspirations of young, sensitive and struggling genius. In spite of all this, the generous public of Baltimore have taken Miss Alexander most encouragingly by the hand.

BASE-BALL.—The "Crescent" Club of this City and the "University" (champion) of Chapel Hill, played the first of a series of match-games for the champion-ball of North Carolina, at the latter place, on Saturday. The game resulted in the success of the Universities. The scoring was: University 54, Crescent 36. The second game of the series will be played, in this City, on Saturday next. A correspondent furnishes us an account of the game, and the various innings, which we regret that we cannot find room for to-day.

MONUMENT TO A CONFEDERATE OFFICER.—There is at present in the yard of Mr. Waggett, Bothwell street, Glasgow, a handsome obelisk of dark gray granite, which is about to be shipped for Jackson, Miss., as a monument to a Confederate officer who fell in the late war. The name to be thus commemorated is that of Col. Robert A. Smith, brother to Mr. James Smith, of the firm of Smith & Wellstood, of Bonnybridge. From the inscription on the obelisk it appears that the deceased officer fell in the sanguinary battle of Mumfordsville, while leading a storming party in an attack on Fort Craig. He had only attained the twenty-sixth year of his age. The monument recording his untimely fate is being erected by his fellow-citizens of Jackson.—*Falkirk (Scotland) Herald.*

CABINET CHANGES.—The *Express* announced some time ago that ere the lapse of many days important changes in the Cabinet would be made. At first that statement was questioned; but the rumors in support of it are becoming more frequent and so credited. It is now alleged that the President has tendered the post of Secretary of the Treasury to the Hon. Robert J. Walker. Be this as it may, we have no doubt of a speedy and very general reconstruction of the Cabinet.—*Wash. Express, 7th.*

A New York correspondent says: "The crowds of people that are now rushing from the country into the city beat anything of the kind that has been witnessed for a long while. One of the Broadway hotels on Tuesday morning breakfasted between eight and nine hundred guests. Another reports 700 fresh arrivals from 1 o'clock in the morning till 3 in the afternoon. The other houses are proportionately busy."

GENERAL SICKLES PERSONALLY LIABLE.—It is reported that the Attorney-General has been applied to for an opinion upon the subject of General Sickle's interference with the property laws while in command in South Carolina, and the expectation is that the law officer of the Government will decide that he (Sickles) is individually liable for the acts in question.—*Herald.*

We are informed through a Radical channel, the Springfield *Republican*, that in Ohio the ticket of the Congressional party will be elected by 30,000 majority, but that negro suffrage will be defeated by from 40,000 to 50,000. Such a result, adds the *Republican*, will be worse than defeat itself, for it will convict the party of dishonesty and meanness, and will have a more injurious effect upon the question of Reconstruction than anything the President can do.

A HYENA AT LARGE.—We are informed on what we regard as credible authority that a full-grown hyena, supposed to have escaped from some menagerie, is at large on the south side of this county, and is committing depredations upon graves in that section, having removed the dirt in several instances down to the coffins. It has been seen by several citizens, all of whom concur in the opinion that it can be nothing more nor less than a full-blooded hyena.—*Bedford Chronicle.*

The New Orleans papers say that the beautiful tropical fruit, the banana, may be seen growing in almost every garden of that city. They state that the growth of bananas in New Orleans has greatly increased during the last few years, and if there are no killing frosts, the people need no longer depend on Cuba and the tropical regions for a supply.

THE TAX ON COTTON.—It is credibly stated that Senator Wilson is in favor of the repeal of the tax on cotton. This tax, he says, is wrong in principle, and extremely unwise, and injurious to the spread of loyalty and liberal sentiments in the cotton-growing States.

Dawes, a Radical member of Congress from Massachusetts, has publicly howled "the conflict is not yet ended." That's so; it has only begun—in Connecticut and California, for instance.

Andrew Johnson was burned in effigy, with much circumstance and ceremony, in Montrose, Pennsylvania, on Thursday evening last.

The New York *Times* comes to the conclusion that the cotton crop of this year will not exceed that of last year.

A man and woman were drowned at Alton, on the Ohio river, the other night. It is not known whether a murder or a double suicide was committed.

There is an editor in Minnesota who weighs 642 pounds. His name is Frank Daggel, and he derives his sustenance from the Wabashaw *Herald.*

TELEGRAPHIC.

Monday Evening Dispatches.

DEATH OF GOV. HELM OF KENTUCKY.

LOUISVILLE, Sept. 9, M.

Gov. Helm died yesterday at his residence near Elizabeth. The funeral will take place on Tuesday, just one week from the day of his inauguration.

THE AMNESTY PROCLAMATION.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 9, M.

The following proclamation has been issued:

By the President of the United States of America.

A PROCLAMATION.

Whereas, In the month of July, Anno Domini 1861, the two Houses of Congress, with extraordinary unanimity, solemnly declared that the war then existing was not waged, on the part of the government, in any spirit of oppression, nor for any purpose of conquest or subjugation, nor purpose of overthrowing or interfering with the rights or established institutions of any State, but to defend and maintain the supremacy of the Constitution, and to preserve the Union with all the dignity, equality and rights of the several States unimpaired; and that as soon as these objects should be accomplished, the war ought to cease; and

Whereas, The President of the United States, on the 8th. day of December, Anno Domini, 1863, and on the 26th. day of March, Anno Domini, 1864, did, with the object of suppressing the existing rebellion, of inducing all persons to return to their loyalty, and of restoring the authority of the United States, issue a proclamation offering amnesty and pardon to all persons who had directly or indirectly participated in the then existing rebellion, except such as in those proclamations were specified and reserved; and,

Whereas, The President of the United States, did, on the 29th. day of May, Anno Domini, 1865, issue a further proclamation, with the same objects before mentioned, and to the end that the authority of the Government of the United States might be restored, and that peace, order and freedom might be established; and the President did, by the said last mentioned proclamation, proclaim to all persons who had directly or indirectly participated in the then existing rebellion, except as therein excepted, amnesty and pardon, with restoration of all rights of property except as to slaves, and except in certain cases where legal proceedings had been instituted, but upon condition that such persons should take and subscribe an oath therein prescribed, which should be registered for permanent preservation; and,

Whereas, In and by the said last mentioned proclamation of the 29th day of May, Anno Domini 1865, fourteen extensive classes, therein specially described, were altogether excepted and excluded from the benefits thereof; and

Whereas, The President of the United States did, on the 2nd day of April, Anno Domini 1866, issue a proclamation declaring that the insurrection was at an end, and was thenceforth to be so regarded; and,

Whereas, There now exists no organized armed resistance of misguided citizens or others to the authority of the United States in the States of Georgia, South Carolina, Virginia, North Carolina, Tennessee, Alabama, Louisiana, Arkansas, Mississippi, Florida and Texas, and the laws can be sustained and enforced therein by the proper civil authority, State or Federal, and the people of said States are well and loyally disposed, and have conformed, or if permitted to do so, will conform, in their legislation, to the condition of affairs growing out of the amendment to the Constitution of the United States prohibiting slavery within the limits and jurisdiction of the United States; and,

Whereas, There no longer exists any reasonable ground to apprehend within the States, which were involved in the late rebellion, any renewal thereof, or any unlawful resistance by the people of said states to the Constitution of the United States; and

Whereas, large standing armies, military occupation, martial law, military tribunals and the suspension of the privilege of the writ of *habeas corpus*, and the right of trial by jury, are in time of peace dangerous to public liberty, incompatible with the individual rights of the citizen, contrary to the genius and spirit of our free institutions, and exhaustive of the national resources, and ought not therefore to be sanctioned or allowed, except in cases of actual necessity for repelling invasion or suppressing insurrection or rebellion; and,

Whereas, A retaliatory or vindictive policy, attended by unnecessary disqualifications, pains, penalties, confiscations and disfranchisements, now, as always, could only tend to hinder reconciliation among the people, and national restoration, while it must seriously embarrass, obstruct and repress popular energies and national industry and enterprise; and

Whereas, For these reasons, it is now deemed essential to the public welfare, and to the more perfect restoration of constitutional law and order, that the said last mentioned proclamation, as aforesaid issued on the 29th. day of May, A. D. 1865, should be modified, and that the full and beneficent pardon conceded thereby should be opened and further extended to a large number of the persons who, by its aforesaid exceptions, have been hitherto excluded from Executive clemency:

Now, therefore, be it known, that I, ANDREW JOHNSON, President of the United States, do hereby proclaim and declare, that the full pardon, described in the said proclamation of the 29th. day of May, A. D. 1865, shall henceforth be opened and extended to all persons who, directly or indirectly, participated in the late rebellion, with restoration of all privileges, immunities and rights of property, except as to property with regard to slaves, and except in cases of legal proceedings under the laws of the United States; but upon this condition, nevertheless, that every such person, who shall seek to avail himself of this proclamation, shall take and subscribe the following oath, and shall cause the same to be registered, for permanent preservation, in the same manner and with the same effect as with the oath prescribed in the said proclamation of the 29th. day of May, A. D. 1865, namely:

"I, ——, do solemnly swear or affirm, in presence of Almighty God, that I will henceforth faithfully support, protect and defend the Constitution of the United States, and the Union of the States thereunder, and that I will in like manner abide by and faithfully support all laws and proclamations which have been made during the late rebellion with reference to the emancipation of slaves; so help me God.

(Signed) —— ——."

The following persons, and no others, are excluded from the benefits of this proclamation and of the said proclamation of the 29th day of May, 1865, namely:

1. The chief or pretended chief Executive, the President, the Vice President and all Heads of Departments of the pretended Confederate or rebel Government, and all who were agents thereof in foreign States and countries, and all who held or pretended to hold, in the service of said pretended Confederate Government, a military rank above the grade of Brigadier General, or naval rank or title above that of Captain, and all who were or pretended to be Governors of States while maintaining, abetting or submitting to and acquiescing in the rebellion.

2. All persons who, in any way treated otherwise than as lawful, prisoners of war or persons who in any capacity were employed or engaged in the military service of the United States.

3. All persons who, at the time they may seek to obtain the benefits of this proclamation, are actually in civil, military or naval confinement or custody, or legally held to bail either before or after conviction; and all persons who were engaged, directly or indirectly, in the assassination of the late President of the United States, or in any plot or conspiracy in any manner therewith connected.

In testimony whereof, I have signed these presents with my hand, and have caused the seal of the United States to be thereunto affixed.

(SEAL.) Done at the city of Washington the 7th. ——— day of September, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven.

ANDREW JOHNSON,
President.

By the President
WILLIAM H. SEWARD,
Secretary of State.

GOLD IN THE TREASURY.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 9, M.

The amount of Gold and Gold certificates in the Treasury is $97,633,910.

MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Sept. 9.—M.

Cotton dull and drooping, 26¼.
Turpentine 50@59.
Gold 41,43¼.

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 9, P. M.

Cotton dull, some descriptions declined. Sales 8,000 bales. Uplands 9¾. Orleans 10¼.

LONDON, Sept 9.—2 P. M.

Consols 94 9-16 Bonds 73¼.

Tuesday Morning Dispatches.

YELLOW FEVER IN NEW ORLEANS.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 9,—P. M.

The deaths from Yellow Fever, for the week ending yesterday, were 249. The deaths for the 24 hours ending yesterday morning, were 49, and ending this morning, 51.

NOTHING.

NEW YORK, Sept 9,—P. M.

Deputy Revenue Collector Allen, of Brooklyn, was arrested this morning, charged with fraud.

The Steamer from California and Panama brings advices of an attempted revolution in behalf of Marques, and its failure is confirmed.

The President of the Argentine Republic intends to lead the armies against Paraguay in person.

The Cholera is still raging badly in some districts of Nicaragua.

SECRETARY BROWNING.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 9, P. M.

Secretary Browning has entirely recovered from his recent illness, and entered upon the discharge of his duties to-day again.

MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Sep. 9—P. M.

Cotton quiet. Sales 900 bales 26@26¼.
Flour active, advanced 20@30. Sales 1800 bbls. State $7,50@10,85. Southern $9,50@13.
Pork, new mess $24,75.
Naval Stores quiet.
Stocks improved but dull. Gold $1,43¼.

WILMINGTON, Sept. 9,—P. M.

Spirits Turpentine steady, 53½. Rosin quiet, $3@6,75.

The number of Roman Catholic newspapers is increasing in England. They are all anti-Fenian.

Embroidery on everything will be the striking feature in the fashions this fall.

The months with an 'r' in them have commenced. Let lovers of oysters rejoice.

Petroleum is said to be an excellent dressing for boots.

The editor of the Bay St. Louis *Gazette* honestly confesses that he is too ugly to mingle with the "beauty and the chivalry" in a ball-room.

A dispute about which way the figures of a carpet should run, postponed a marriage in Hartford last week.

Dr. Hall says that for the period of a month before marriage, and a month after death, men regard their wives as angels.

A sagacious gentleman in St. Louis says New Orleans is bound to be the largest city in the world.

Sickles at his best is not as good as Canbe.

MRS. WINSLOW'S
SOOTHING SYRUP,

FOR CHILDREN TEETHING, GREATLY FACILITATES the process of teething, by softening the gums, reducing all inflammation—will allay ALL PAIN and spasmodic action, and is

SURE TO REGULATE THE BOWELS.

Depend upon it, mothers, it will give rest to yourselves, and

Relief and Health to your Infants.

We have put up and sold this article for years, and can say in CONFIDENCE AND TRUTH of it what we have never been able to say of any other medicine—NEVER HAS IT FAILED in a single instance to EFFECT A CURE, when timely used. Never did we know an instance of dissatisfaction by any one who used it. On the contrary, all are delighted with its operation, and speak in terms of commendation of its magical effects and medical virtue. We speak in this matter "WHAT WE DO KNOW," after years of experience, and PLEDGE OUR REPUTATION FOR THE FULFILMENT OF WHAT WE HERE DECLARE. In almost every instance where the infant is suffering from pain and exhaustion, relief will be found in fifteen or twenty minutes after the Syrup is administered.

Full directions for using will accompany each bottle.

Be sure and call for

"Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup,"

Having the fac-simile of "CURTIS & PERKINS" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

Sold by Druggists throughout the world.

Price, only 35 cents per Bottle.

OFFICES:
215 Fulton Street, New York,
205 High Holborn, London, England,
141 St. Paul Street, Montreal, Canada.
Aug. 30—20-eod6m

R. W. YORK,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
Office, 40 *Fayetteville Street.*
RALEIGH, N. C.

PRACTICES IN THE COURTS OF WAKE, Chatham and Orange, in the Supreme Court, and the United States Circuit Court for North Carolina.

☞ Collections made any where in the State, if the claim, (principal and interest,) amounts to $200.

☞ Special attention given to cases in

BANKRUPTCY.

Refers to—Hon. W. H. Battle and Hon. E. G. Reade, Judges of the Supreme Court of North Carolina.
September 5—wtf.

WANTED.

A situation as Teacher in a private family or School, to teach English, French, Latin, Spanish and Music.

References given and required.

Address,
J. W. BOSWELL,
Morganton, N. C.
Aug 2 302-w1m

VINE HILL ACADEMIES,
SCOTLAND NECK, HALIFAX COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA.

Both of these institutions will commence Sept. 2d. 1867,—the Male under J. M. LOVEJOY; the Female under ANN LOVEJOY. A thorough course will be pursued in both. Boys will be prepared for College, or Business.

The location is healthy, board reasonable, and the society as good as can be found in the State.

For particulars, address the undersigned at Raleigh, until August 25th.; after that time, at Halifax, N. C.

J. M. LOVEJOY.

Aug 8-309-8daltw
Weldon Statc, Tarboro Southerner, Washington Index and Wilson Carolinian copy five times and send bill to J. M. L., Scotland Neck.

FINANCIAL CIRCULAR.

THOS. BRANCH & CO., Richmond, Va. BRANCH, SONS & CO. Augusta, Ga.

REPORTED BY

THOS. BRANCH & SONS,

Bankers and Commission Merchants, Petersburg, Va.

NORTH CAROLINA.

Bank of Cape Fear	20
" Charlotte	25
" Clarendon	4
" Commerce	16
" Fayetteville	10
" Lexington	18
" " at Graham	24
" North Carolina	48
" Roxboro'	5
" Thomasville	55
" Wadesborough	34½
" Washington	12
" Wilmington	25
" Yanceyville	11
Commercial Bank, Wilmington	24
Farmer's Bank of North Carolina	27
Greensboro' Mutual Insurance Co.	6
Merchants' Bank of Newbern	58
Miners' and Planters' Bank	35

We pay corresponding high prices for other Bank notes.

Prices liable to change and pay the best rate the day received.

Packages received by Express and remitted for promptly in Currency or New York funds, free of cost.

July 18-293-tf

Raleigh Money Market.

CORRECTED BY JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO., BROKERS, RALEIGH, N. C.

PRICES OF NORTH CAROLINA BANK NOTES:

Bank of N. C., (Gold 25) (Silver 20) G. B.	45
" Cape Fear	25
" Charlotte	33
" Lexington, at Graham	20
" Roxborough	50
" Wadesborough	24
" Thomasville	50
" Wilmington	22
" Commerce	14
" Washington	12
" Fayetteville	10
" Clarendon	4
" Yanceyville	7
Miners' and Planter's Bank	32
Farmers' Bank, Greensborough	24
Commercial Bank, Wilmington	23
Merchant's Bank, Newbern	50
Greensborough Mutual	6
Virginia Bank Notes, about	25
South Carolina "	22
Georgia "	25
Gold	136
Silver	131
Old Coupons	42
North Carolina Railroad Coupons	87½
Old Sixes	70
Exchange on New York	¼

Greensboro' Money Market.

BUYING RATES OF BANK NOTES, &c., BY WILSON & SHOBER, BANKERS AND EXCHANGE BROKERS, SOUTH ELM STREET, GREENSBORO, N. C.

Bank of N. C.	180
" Cape Fear	20
" Charlotte	33
" Wadesboro	24
" Wilmington	22½
" Roxboro	50
" Thomasville	55
" Lexington at Graham	24
" " Lexington	18
" Commerce	10½
" Clarendon	4
" Fayetteville	1
" Washington	12
" Yanceyville	9½
Merchants' Bank of Newbern	60
Farmers' Bank of Greensboro	27
Miners'and Planters' Bank	35
Commercial Bank of Wilmington	24
Greensboro Mutual Ins. Co.	6
Virginia Bank Notes average about	26
South Carolina "	15
Georgia "	25

We buy and sell at liberal prices, Gold and Silver, North Carolina Bonds, United States Bonds and all other marketable stocks.

Orders for Bank notes by debtors and Stockholders of Banks will receive prompt attention.

Returns for express packages of Bank notes &c., will be made on the day received, by check on New York or Baltimore, or in currency, as desired.

Life and Fire Insurance Policies issued in good Companies, at best rates.

July 26-296-3m

PROVISION MARKET.

CORRECTED BY JENKINS & PERRY, GROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, FAYETTEVILLE ST., RALEIGH, N. C.

BACON	17@23
" BALT. & WESTERN	17@20
BEEF ON HOOF	8@9
" NETT	10@12
BUTTER	30@35
COTTON	20@00
CHICKENS, Spring	15@25
" Grown	25@30
CORN	1 45@1 50
COFFEE	25@30
EGGS	20@25
FLOUR	10@17
FODDER	1 25
HERRINGS	4@ 50@12
HIDES—Green	10c pr lb.
" Dry	12¼
HAY	75@1 pr. cwt.
LARD	18@20
MEAL	1 50@1 60
MOLASSES	75
NAILS	7@10
PEAS—Stock	1 40@1 50
POTATOES—Irish	1 00@1 25
" Sweet	1@1 50
RAGS	4@5
SALT	4 00@4 25
SUGAR	13@15
TALLOW	10
VINEGAR	50@75

REMARKS.

Very little Cotton being brought to market and dull at above quotations.
Corn scarce and in demand.
Flour steady.
Supply of Bacon equal to demand and prices a shade lower.

SPECIAL NOTICES

LIME, PLASTER, CEMENT AND HAIR.

A Large supply always on hand and for sale on most favorable terms by

WORTH & DANIEL,
Wilmington, N. C.

P. S. Monthly RECEIPTS OF FRESH LIME FROM MAINE.
July 11-287-6m

GENTS' READY MADE CLOTHING AND FURNISHING Goods, Boots and Shoes, and a fine assortment of Gent's and Boys' HATS, at greatly reduced prices, at

M. ROSENBAUM.
Aug 1-302-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

CALL EARLY.

We have just received, on Consignment, a lot of BITTING'S OLD RYE WHISKEY, in 5 and 10 gallon kegs.

Aug. 30—20-tf PULLIAM, JONES & CO.

MITCHELL, ALLEN, & CO., NEWBERN, N. C.

Agricultural Implements; Carriage Material; Cotton Gins and Condensers; Cotton Presses; Horse Powers; Cotton Bagging; Baling Rope; Leather and Rubber Belting; Lace Leather.

Patent Labor-Saving Well and Pump.

MITCHELL, ALLEN & CO.,
Sept. 2—22-1t Newbern, N. C.

NOTICE.

The subscriber wishes to rent or lease her valuable lands in Greene County,

THE STREETER PLANTATION,

containing eleven hundred acres of arable land; six hundred adapted to Cotton. There is an abundance of the best marl and plenty other means of enriching and manuring, on the plantation. Any number of hands can be obtained, as the once family of blacks are anxious to return to the old place again.

Persons wishing to farm on a grand scale are invited to examine my property. Any communication will be promptly attended to by addressing

MRS. V. WHITEHEAD.
Aug 27—w3t Fairland, N. C.

SITUATION WANTED.

A lady of some experience in teaching desires a situation. She prefers to teach English and Mathematics. Address REV. W. K. PELL,
Aug 27—4tw Raleigh, N. C.

DRY GOODS.

FIRST ARRIVAL OF

FALL GOODS!

"Time and Tide wait for no man."

NOTWITHSTANDING WE ARE NOT YET in our New Store, we are receiving a

SEASONABLE SUPPLY OF

STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS

CONSISTING OF

Ladies' Dress Goods, Gents and Boys' Wear, Bleached and Unbleached Domestics, Cambrics, Towelings, Diapering, &c.,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

And ten thousand and one articles unnecessary to advertise.

Our Stock will be complete and kept so during the Fall.

Until we move to our New Building, we shall continue bringing in Fresh Supplies to our present stand.

Remember our motto,

"Quick sales and small profits," and "The best goods at the lowest price."

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.
Raleigh, Sep. 3—23-tf.

DRY GOODS.

FALL, 1867.

HULL, ATKINSON & CO.

258 *Baltimore Street,*

BALTIMORE,

ASK MERCHANTS visiting Baltimore, to examine their large and elegant stock of BRITISH, FRENCH and AMERICAN DRY GOODS.

Robert Hull,
Thos. W. Atkinson,
Sam'l Hunter,
Wm. J. Hull,
S. Harris Hopkins.

Orders promptly executed.

HULL, ATKINSON & CO.
September 4—28-2m

FALL AND WINTER IMPORTATION

1867.

RIBBONS,

Millinery and Straw Goods.

ARMSTRONG, CATOR & CO.

IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF

Bonnet, Trimming and Velvet Ribbons,

BONNET SILKS, SATINS AND VELVETS,

BLONDS, NETTS, CRAPES, RUCHES,

Flowers, Feathers, Ornaments,

STRAW BONNETS & LADIES' HATS,

TRIMMED AND UNTRIMMED,

SHAKER HOODS, &c.,

237 and 239 BALTIMORE STREET,

BALTIMORE, Md.

Offer the largest Stock to be found in this Country, and unequalled in choice variety and cheapness, comprising the latest Parisian novelties.

Orders solicited and prompt attention given.
Sept. 2—22-10w

MISCELLANEOUS.

COOKE'S HOTEL.

RE-OPENED BY HIMSELF,

is now ready to accommodate the Travelling Public, and those of the City wishing Board by the week or month. My terms will be moderate.

GEO. T. COOKE.
Sep. 3—27-1w.
☞ Standard copy.

EXCHANGE HOTEL,

KALEIGH, N. C.

THIS HOTEL, HAVING BEEN RE-BUILT, in part,—twenty rooms having been completed and neatly furnished, will be re-opened for the reception of the Travelling public, on this day, September 3d.

The old friends of the former Exchange, and the public generally, are cordially invited to call and see, and be entertained with good accommodations, good fare, on moderate terms.

W. H. CUNNINGIM,
Proprietor.
September 3—27-1w.

Southern Clothes' Washer.

M. F. ELDER, OF CHESTER, S. C., THE Patentee, will be in this City for a few days, in order to give the people an opportunity of testing the merits of his machine.

He invites all who desire to see it, to call at the YARBOROUGH HOUSE, and, if desired, he will send it to their homes, where they can try it and satisfy themselves as to its merits.

County and State Rights for sale.

Tars is to certify that we have tested one of F. Elder's Clothes Washers, and find its merits equal to its claims. It is so simple in its construction, and easily operated that all it requires is to be seen and tried; to recommend itself.

Rev. R. C. BRICE, Chester, S. C.
C. S. BROWN, Proprietor Boyden House, Salisbury, N. C.
Mrs. A. G. STACY, of the Mecklenburg Female College, Charlotte.
J. M. BLAIR, Proprietor of the Yarborough House, Raleigh.

Sept. 9—18,19*

FOR SALE,

A NEAT DRUG STORE,

AT CHAPEL HILL, N. C.

CAN BE BOUGHT VERY CHEAP. TERMS one half cash; balance in sixty and ninety days. Call and examine immediately, as the owner will leave in time to attend the Lectures in New York. Or address Box No. 52, Chapel Hill.

Sept. 9—28-4t*

☞ Standard copy 4t and send bill to Box 52.

FOR SALE.

A most desirable Residence in the Western part of the City, adjoining the Presbyterian Parsonage. The House is new, contains four rooms and a large basement and cellar; with water and all modern improvements.

ALSO,

Fifty Acres of land, two miles west of the City, on the line of the N. C. R. R., will be sold in two separate lots, if required. Terms easy. For particulars apply to

W. T. ADAMS.
Raleigh, Sep. 6—1m.

FOR SALE.

The best and most desirable lot in the town of Albemarle, Stanly County, N. C. containing two acres of land, with a

GOOD TWO STORY DWELLING HOUSE

of seven large and well finished rooms. Piazza in front. Kitchen, Smoke-house, Stables and other out-houses, a good and lasting well of water, nice flower yard, &c.

Price very low for cash. Apply at *Sentinel* Office, or address,

R. ANDERSON,
June 11-3mw* Albemarle

RAILROADS.

ATLANTIC & N. C. RAILROAD

AND

NORTH CAROLINA

GRAND TRUNK RAILROAD,

From Charlotte and all Points on the N. Carolina and its Connecting Railroads, to the Seaboard at Newbern and Morehead City.

THE STATE OWNS THREE-FOURTHS OF the North Carolina Railroad and three-fourths of the ATLANTIC & N. C. RAILROAD. This is the

STATE LINE,

To its OWN SEAPORTS and on its OWN BOATS. All other lines are in opposition.

A six per cent dividend on this line will save the people from taxation $295,000 per annum.

Under a resolution of the stockholders of the N. C. Railroad, all Freights are to go via Goldsboro', unless otherwise specially directed by shippers.

When at Goldsboro', you are only sixty miles from the shipping point, instead of one hundred and sixty via Weldon, and eighty via Wilmington. Our Steamers are equal to any other line, both for Freight and Travel. Time as short as by any other, and as cheap.

THIS is the Line

To ENCOURAGE. You get dispatch, safety, but one handling, and less Railroad transportation than by any other line.

Three-fourths of the PROFITS made on this line go directly into the STATE TREASURY, and if encouraged, you will soon be relieved from heavy taxation at least two hundred and ninety-five thousand dollars.

The Railroads composing the N. C. GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY LINE have recently agreed to unite in a

GREAT THROUGH LINE

Route to all the Northern Markets, on equal terms and charges, via our own ports to and from the North.

Cars run through to all points without breaking bulk.

For information about shipping, apply to Messrs,
WHEDBEE & DICKINSON, Baltimore.
COCHRAN, RUSSELL & CO., Philadelphia.
BAKER BROTHERS, Boston.
MURRAY & FERRIS, Agents for Murray's North Carolina Steamship Line, New York, and to myself:

J. V. JORDAN,
FREIGHT AGENT,
Aug. 31—21-4t Newbern, N. C.

☞ Charlotte News, Old North State, Statesville American, and Greensboro' Patriot publish one month, and send bills to office at Newbern.

Notice to Shippers of Freight.

THE SEABOARD INLAND AIR LINE

Via Portsmouth, Va.,

IS THE ONLY DIRECT LINE BETWEEN Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and the Carolinas.

It is express in point of speed and safety of Freights, being from

FORTY TO SEVENTY HOURS

in advance of all other lines, and at as low rates.

It offers daily communication with Baltimore, daily communication with Philadelphia.

Five Steamers each week to and from New York.

Two Steamers each week to and from Boston.

It is the only line having these advantages, and by which there is but one handling of freight.

Cars are loaded at the wharves in Portsmouth and are run through to destination.

Be careful to direct your Consignors to ship only

From Baltimore, by the Norfolk or Bay Line Steamers, foot of Union Dock.

From Philadelphia, by the Annamessic Line, Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Depot, or by Clyde's Line, 14 South Delaware Avenue.

From New York, by the Old Dominion Steamship Line, Pier 37 North River.

From Boston, by the Norfolk Steamship Line, end of Central Wharf.

All losses, damages, or overcharges promptly adjusted on application to

JAS. McCARRICK,
Trans Agent, Portsmouth, Va.

Have your freight marked **Via Portsmouth, Va.**, and in shipping to Philadelphia, marked **Via Clyde's Line**, or **Via Annamessic.**

E. G. GHIO,
Aug. 31—21-2m Sup't Transportation.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A Cheap Cotton Press,

FARMERS, BEFORE YOU BUY A PRESS OR build a Screw, enquire into the merits of the

GODWIN COTTON PRESS.

Hear what the following reliable gentlemen say:

I have seen Mr. J. H. Godwin's Cotton Press work at Mr. P. E. Smith's plantation, and it does all that he says it does in his advertisement, and

THE SENTINEL.

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 10, 1867.

THE DAYS OF THE OLD REPUBLIC.

BY WILL WALLACE HARNEY.

A glorious, mighty people we were,
In years that have gone by;
Brave and gentle and free as air,
Or the clouds upon the sky.
Each one thought with a generous soul,
And spoke his thought without control,
We gleaned the gathered sense of the whole,
In the days of the Old Republic.

Brave men—valiant, strong and true—
In the council and in the field,
Wrought for the freedom of me and you,
And over us held our country's shield.
They seized the moments, grand and fine,
And crushed them into the glorious wine,
That filled our hearts with a glow divine
In the days of the old Republic.

Wherever the sea moaned in the shell,
Wherever the beautiful rivers ran,
The sounds of our mighty music fell
Into the hearts of fellow man;
It gave them a brave, better stand,
Lovers and friends of the wondrous land,
Where freedom prospered, and wisdom planned,
In the days of the Old Republic.

It stirred the sleep of the Old World Gods
On couches purple with subject's blood;
It touched the crushed, inanimate clods
Till they rose—a people brave and good;
Thus the glorious music did,
With songs and symphonies, amid
The crash and crash of evils hid—
In the days of the Old Republic.

O, what a change from the golden days
Of truth and honor, and men of might,
Whenever in the continent's ways
Brute force conquers mind in the fight!
The type of power, the sword and sash,
Govern in council, and the rash
Use of power to atoms dash,
The days of the Old Republic.

Ah! will it come, will it ever come?
The time when the people rise again,
When law shall be and the loud drum
That beats the march of honor slain?
When the reveille shall be the might
Of the people rising in the right,
And bring us back from a glorious flight
The days of the Old Republic.

EARLY MARRIAGES.

[Damascus correspondence N. Y. Tribune.]

We were not permitted to depart without seeing the ladies of the house, and accepted the invariable eastern hospitalities. Attending the venerable mother, entered a young girl of about fourteen, small and delicate in form and feature and exceedingly pretty.—Her black hair was plaited in broad braids that were long enough to reach the shoulders, about which the ends were left to fall in soft fringes. Her wide Turkish trowsers were of rose colored silk; the sleeves of her embroidered jacket fell away loosely from a white arm; a little jaunty Greek cap surmounted the glossy braids, the silken tassel reaching to the silky fringes of her hair.—She didn't take a seat, English fashion with the mother, on a divan, as is sometimes done by way of courtesy to the guest, but dropped, *a la* Turk, on the cushions near our feet. While we were saying to ourselves, "What a sweet child this is!" and wondering whether she would ever develop the affections of young ladyhood, the old man spoke of her as the wife of his son, and said they had been married three years. It is not uncommon for marriages to take place in the East when the bride is only eight years of age. The favorite wife of the prophet Mohammed was seven at the time of his betrothal, and he waited for her but a year, and took, meanwhile, one or two others, as a solace for his loneliness.

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MISCELLANEOUS.

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RECONSTRUCTION,—SUPPLEMENTAL BILL NO. 2.

PASSED AT THE JULY SESSION.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled*, That it is hereby declared to have been the true intent and meaning of the act of the second day of March, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven, entitled an act for the more efficient government of the rebel States, and of the act supplementary thereto, passed on the 24th. day of March, in the year 1867, that the governments then existing in the rebel States of Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Mississippi, Alabama, Louisiana, Florida, Texas and Arkansas were illegal and void, and thereafter the same governments, if continued, were to be continued subject in all respects to the military commanders of the respective Districts and to the authority of Congress.

SECTION 2. *And be it further enacted*, That the commander of any district named in said act shall have power, subject to the approval of the General of the armies of the United States, to have effect till disapproved, whenever in the opinion of such commander the proper administration of said act shall require it, to suspend or remove from office, or from the performance of official duties and the exercise of official powers, any officer or person holding or exercising, or professing to hold or exercise, any civil or military office or duty in such district, under any power, election, appointment, or authority derived from or granted by, or claimed under any so-called State or the government thereof, or any municipal or other division thereof, and upon such suspension or removal such commander, subject to the approval of the General aforesaid, shall have the power to provide from time to time for the performance of the said duties of such officer or person so suspended or removed, by the detail of some competent officer or soldier of the army or by the appointment of some other person to perform the same, and to fill vacancies occasioned by death, resignation or otherwise.

SECTION 3. *And be it further enacted*, That the General of the armies of the United States shall be invested with all the powers of suspension, removal, appointment and detail granted in the preceding section to district commanders.

SECTION 4. *And be it further enacted*, That the acts of the officers of the army already done in removing in said districts persons exercising the functions of civil officers and appointing others in their stead are hereby confirmed; provided that any person heretofore or hereafter appointed by any district commander to exercise the functions of any civil office may be removed, either by the military officer in command of the district or by the General of the army; and it shall be the duty of commanders to remove from office, as aforesaid, all persons who are disloyal to the government of the United States, or who use their official influence in any manner to hinder, delay, prevent or obstruct the due and proper administration of this act, and the acts to which this is supplementary.

SECTION 5. *And be it further enacted*, That the boards of registration provided for in the act entitled "an act supplementary to an act entitled 'an act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States,'" passed March 2, eighteen hundred and sixty-seven, shall have power, and it shall be their duty, before allowing the registration of any person, to ascertain upon such facts or information as they can obtain, whether such person is entitled to be registered under said act, and the oath required by said act shall not be conclusive on such question, and no person shall be registered unless such board shall decide that he is entitled thereto; and such board shall also have power to examine under oath (to be administered by any member of such board) any one touching the qualification of any person claiming registration. But in every case of a refusal by the board to register an applicant, made in every case hereinafter provided, the board shall make a note or memorandum, which shall be returned with the registration list to the commanding Generals of the Districts, setting forth the ground of such refusal, or such striking from the list: *Provided*, that no person shall be disqualified, as a member of any board of registration, by reason of race or color.

SECTION 6. *And be it further enacted*, That the true intent and meaning of the oath prescribed in said supplementary act is (among other things) that no person who has been a member of the Legislature of any State or who has held any executive or judicial office in any State, whether he has taken an oath to support the Constitution of the United States or not, and whether he was holding such office at the commencement of the rebellion or had held it before, and who has afterward engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof, is entitled to be registered or to vote; and the words "executive or judicial office in any State" in said oath mentioned shall be construed to include all civil offices created by law for the administration of the general law of the State, or for the administration of justice.

SECTION 7. *And be it further enacted*, That the time for completing the original registration provided for in said act may, in the discretion of the commander of any district, be extended to the 1st. day of October, 1867; and the boards of registration shall have power, and it shall be their duty, commencing fourteen days prior to any election under said act, and upon reasonable public notice of the time and place thereof, to revise for a period of three days the registration lists; and upon being satisfied that any person not entitled thereto has been registered, to strike the name of such person from the list. And such board shall also during the same period, add to such registry the names of all persons who at that time possess the qualifications required by said act who have not been already registered, and no person shall at any time be entitled to be registered or to vote by reason of any executive pardon or amnesty for any act or thing which, without such pardon or amnesty, would disqualify him from registration or voting.

SECTION 8. *And be it further enacted*, That section 4 of the said last-named act shall be construed to authorize the commanding general named therein, whenever he shall deem it needful, to remove any member of a board of registration, and to appoint another person in his stead, and to fill any vacancy in such board.

SECTION 9. That all members of said Boards of Registration and all persons hereafter elected or appointed to office in said military districts, under any so-called State or municipal authority or by detail or appointment of the District Commanders, shall be required to take and subscribe to the oath of office prescribed by law for officers of the United States.

SECTION 10. That no District Commander or member of the Board of registration or any of the officers or appointees acting under them shall be bound in his action by any opinion of any civil officer of the United States.

SECTION 11. That all the provisions of this act, and the acts to which this is supplementary, shall be construed liberally, to the end that all the intents thereof may be fully and perfectly carried out.

Congressional Reconstruction Acts.

For the information of our readers we republish as follows the late reconstruction act of Congress, known as the Sherman-Shellabarger bill. We shall add to it the Howard Amendment, Test Oath and the Supplementary act, all of which will be kept standing until the necessary information they contain shall be generally and fully understood.

THE RECONSTRUCTION ACT.

AN ACT to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States.
(Passed over the President's Veto, March 2d, 1867.)

WHEREAS, no legal State governments or adequate protection for life or property now exists in the rebel States of Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Mississippi, Alabama, Louisiana, Florida, Texas, and Arkansas; and whereas it is necessary that peace and good order should be enforced in said States until loyal and Republican State Governments can be legally established: Therefore,

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That said rebel States shall be divided into military districts and made subject to the military authority of the United States, as hereinafter prescribed, and for that purpose Virginia shall constitute the first district; North Carolina and South Carolina the second district; Georgia, Alabama and Florida the third district; Mississippi and Arkansas the fourth district; and Louisiana and Texas the fifth district.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of the President to assign to the command of each of said districts an officer of the army, not below the rank of Brigadier general, and to detail a sufficient military force to enable such officer to perform his duties and enforce his authority within the district to which he is assigned.

Sec. 3. And be it further enacted, That it shall be the duty of each officer assigned as aforesaid to protect all persons in their rights of person and property, to suppress insurrection, disorder and violence, and to punish or cause to be punished all disturbers of the public peace and criminals, and to this end he may allow local civil tribunals to take jurisdiction of and to try offenders, or, when in his judgement it may be necessary for the trial of offenders, he shall have power to organize military commissions or tribunals for that purpose, and all interference, under color of State authority, with the exercise of military authority under this act shall be null and void.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That all persons put under military arrest by virtue of this act shall be tried without unnecessary delay, and no cruel or unusual punishment shall be inflicted; and no sentence of any military commission or tribunal hereby authorized, affecting the life or liberty of any person, shall be executed until it is approved by the officer in command of the district, and the laws and regulations for the government of the army shall not be affected by this act, except in so far as they conflict with its provisions. Provided, That no sentence of death, under the provisions of this act, shall be carried into effect without the approval of the President.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That when the people of any one of said rebel States shall have formed a constitution of government in conformity with the Constitution of the United States in all respects, framed by a convention of delegates elected by the male citizens of said State, twenty one years old and upwards, of whatever race, color or previous condition, who have been resident in said State for one year previous to the day of such election, except such as may be disfranchised for participation in the rebellion, or for felony at common law; and when such constitution shall provide that the elective franchise shall be enjoyed by all such persons as have the qualifications herein stated for electors of delegates; and when such constitution shall be ratified by a majority of the persons voting on the question of ratification, who are qualified as electors for delegates; and when such Constitution shall be ratified by a majority of the persons voting on the question of ratification, who are qualified as electors for delegates; and when such constitution shall have been submitted to Congress for examination and approval, and Congress shall have approved the same; and when the said State, by a vote of its legislature elected under said constitution, shall have adopted the amendment to the constitution of the United States, proposed by the Thirty-ninth Congress, and known as article fourteen; and when said article shall have become a part of the constitution of the United States, said State shall be declared entitled to representation in Congress, and Senators and Representatives shall be admitted therefrom, on their taking the oath prescribed by law; and then and thereafter the preceding sections of this act shall be inoperative in said State. Provided, That no person excluded from the privilege of holding office by said amendment to the constitution of the United States shall be eligible to election as a member of the convention to frame a constitution for any of said rebel States, nor shall any such person vote for members of such convention.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted, That until the people of said rebel States shall be by law admitted to representation in the Congress of the United States, any civil government which may exist therein shall be deemed provisional only, and in all respects subject to the paramount authority of the United States at any time to abolish, modify, control or supersede the same; and in all elections to any office under such provisional governments all persons shall be entitled to vote, and none others, who are entitled to vote under the provisions of the fifth section of this act; and no person shall be eligible to any office under such provisional governments who would be disqualified from holding office under the provisions of the third article of said constitutional amendment.

SCHUYLER COLFAX.
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
LAFAYETTE S. FOSTER,
President of the Senate *pro tem.*

MISCELLANEOUS.

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SUPPLEMENT TO THE STEVENS-SHERMAN-SHELLABARGER BILL.

AN ACT supplemental to an act entitled an act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States, passed March 2, 1867, and to facilitate restoration.

Be it enacted, &c., That before the first day of September, 1867, the commanding general in each district defined by the act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States, approved March 2, 1867, shall cause a registration to be made of the male citizens of the United States, twenty-one years of age, and upwards, resident in each county or parish in the State or States included in his district, which registration will include only those persons who are qualified to vote for delegates by the act aforesaid, and who shall have taken and subscribed the following oath or affirmation:

"I, ——, do solemnly swear, or affirm, in the presence of Almighty God, that I am a citizen of the State of ——; that I have resided in said State for ——months next preceding this day, and now reside in the county of ——, or the parish of ——, in said State, as the case may be; that I am 21 years old; that I have not been disfranchised for participation in any rebellion or civil war against the United States, nor for felony committed against the laws of any State or of the United States; that I have never been a member of any State Legislature, or held any executive or judicial office in any State, and afterwards engaged in insurrection and rebellion against the United States, and given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof; that I have never taken an oath as a member of Congress of the United States, or as an officer of the United States, or as a member of any State Legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of any State, to support the Constitution of the United States, and afterwards engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof; that I will faithfully support the Constitution and obey the laws of the United States, and will, to the best of my ability, encourage others so to do. So help me God."
which oath or affirmation may be administered by any registering officer.

Sec. 2. That after the completion of the registration hereby provided for in any State at such time and place therein as the commanding general shall appoint and direct, of which at least thirty day's public notice shall be given, an election shall be held of delegates to a convention for the purpose of establishing a constitution and civil government for such State loyal to the Union; said convention in each State, except Virginia, to consist of the same number of members as the most numerous branch of the State Legislature of such State in the year 1860, to be apportioned among the several districts, counties, or parishes of such State by the commanding general, giving to each, representation in the ratio of voters registered as aforesaid as nearly as may be. The convention in Virginia shall consist of the same number of members as represented the territory now constituting Virginia in the most numerous branch of the Legislature of said State in the year 1860, to be apportioned as aforesaid.

Sec. 3. That at such election the registered voters of each State shall vote for or against a convention to form a constitution thereof under this act. Those voting in favor of such a convention shall have written or printed on their ballots for which they vote for delegates, as aforesaid, the words "for a convention;" and those voting against such a convention shall have written or printed on such ballots the words "against a convention." The persons appointed to superintend said election, and to make return of the votes given thereat, as herein provided, shall count and make return of the votes given for and against a convention; and the commanding general to whom the same shall have been returned, shall ascertain and declare the total vote in each State for and against a convention. If a majority of the votes given on that question shall be for a convention, then a convention shall be held, as hereinafter provided; but if a majority of said votes shall be against a convention, then no convention shall be held under this act: *Provided*, That such convention shall not be held unless a majority of all such registered voters shall have voted on the question of holding such convention.

Sec. 4. That the commanding general of each district shall appoint such loyal officers or persons as may be necessary, not exceeding three in each election district, in any State, to make and complete the registration, superintend the election, and make return to him of the votes, lists of voters and of the persons elected as delegates by a plurality of the votes cast at said election; and upon receiving said returns he shall open the same, ascertain the persons elected as delegates according to the returns of the officers who conducted said election, and make proclamation thereof; and if a majority of the votes given on that question shall be for a convention, the commanding general, within sixty days from the date of election, shall notify the delegates to assemble in convention at a time and place to be mentioned in the notification, and said convention, when organized, shall proceed to frame a Constitution and civil government according to the provisions of this act, and the act to which it is supplementary; and when the same shall have been so framed, said Constitution shall be submitted by the convention for ratification to the persons registered under the provisions of this act, at an election to be conducted by the officers, or persons appointed by the commanding general as hereinbefore provided, and to be held after the expiration of thirty days from the date of notice thereof to be given by said convention, and the returns thereof shall be made to the commanding general of the district.

Sec. 5. That if, according to said returns, the constitution shall be ratified by a majority of the votes of the registered electors qualified as herein specified, cast at said election, at least one-half of all the registered voters voting upon the question of such ratification, the president of the convention shall transmit a copy of the same, duly certified, to the President of the United States, who shall forthwith transmit the same to Congress, if then in session, and if not in session, then immediately upon its next assembling; and if it shall moreover appear to Congress that the election was one at which all the registered and qualified electors in the State had an opportunity to vote freely and without restraint, fear or the influence of fraud, and if Congress shall be satisfied that such constitution meets the approval of a majority of the qualified electors in the State, and if the said constitution shall be declared by Congress to be in conformity with the provisions of the act to which this is supplementary, and the other provisions of said act shall have been complied with, and the said constitution shall be approved by Congress, the State shall be declared entitled to representation, and Senators and Representatives shall be admitted therefrom as herein provided.

Sec. 6. That all elections in the States mentioned in the said "Act to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States," shall, during the operation of said act, be by ballot; and all officers making the said registration of voters and conducting said elections shall, before entering upon the discharge of their duties, subscribe an oath faithfully to perform the duties of their said office, and the oath prescribed by the act approved July 2, 1862, entitled "An act to prescribe an oath of office:" Provided, That if any person shall knowingly and falsely take and subscribe any oath in this act prescribed, such person so offending, and being thereof duly convicted, shall be subject to the pains, penalties and disabilities which by law are provided for the punishment of the crime of wilful and corrupt perjury.

Sec. 7. That all expenses incurred by the several commanding generals, or by virtue of any orders issued or appointments made by them under or by virtue of this act, shall be paid out of any moneys in the Treasury not otherwise appropriated.

Sec. 8. That the convention for each State shall prescribe the fees, salary, and compensation to be paid to all delegates and other officers, and agents herein authorized or necessary to carry into effect the purposes of this act, not herein otherwise provided for, and shall provide for the levy and collection of such taxes on the property in such State as may be necessary to pay the same.

Sec. 9. That the word "article" in the sixth section of the act to which this is supplementary shall be construed to mean "section."

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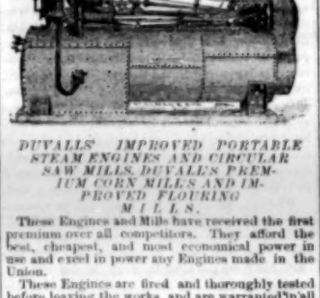

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I have asked my friends and Customers to *come to CREECH'S* to buy their goods, and I am pleased to say that hundreds have come and are still coming.

I keep *no time worn* or *shelf rubbed* remnants. I buy new goods and good styles, and sell them right.

Come to CREECH'S to buy your goods,—R. Smith's Corner, Fayetteville Street.
ALEXANDER CREECH.
May 31-250-tf
Progress copy one week.

OUR STOCK IS NOW COMPLETE!

WE TAKE PLEASURE IN INFORMING OUR friends and the public, that we have in store one of the most

COMPLETE AND BEAUTIFUL ASSORTMENTS of Goods, ever offered in this Market.

Our DRESS GOODS are composed of all the latest styles and novelties of the season.

Our Line of White Goods is Perfect, consisting of

MULL, NAINSOOK AND SWISS MUSLINS, PLAIN, CHECKED AND STRIPED ORGANDIES, TARLETANS, PLAIN AND EMBROIDERED LINEN AND MUSLIN SETTS, &c., &c.

Our goods are of the best quality and prices as low as any one can sell.
WE SELL STRICTLY FOR CASH, and are content with small profits.
All we ask is an examination of our stock and we think we can please.
A. N. & J. McKIMMON.
April 5-204-tf

BALTIMORE ADVERTISEMENTS.

POOLE & HUNT,

Baltimore,

MANUFACTURERS OF

PORTABLE AND STATIONARY

Steam Engines and Boilers,

STEAM FIRE ENGINES,

LEFFEL'S PATENT AMERICAN DOUBLE TURBINE WATER-WHEEL, SAW MILLS, MINING MACHINERY, PORTABLE GRIST MILLS,

ROBERTS' BURR REGULATOR,

Flouring Mill Machinery, Shafting, Pulleys and Hangers.
mar 29-198-6m.

W. J. HAWKINS, B. P. WILLIAMSON, J. J. THOMAS, C. M. HAWKINS.

HAWKINS, WILLIAMSON & CO.,

GENERAL

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

FOR THE SALE OF

Cotton, Tobacco, Naval Stores, &c.

No. 44 South Street,

NEAR EXCHANGE PLACE, BALTIMORE.

WE BEG TO REFER BY PERMISSION TO

George W. Mordecai, Esq., *Raleigh N. C.*
Kemp P. Battle, Esq., " "
Phillips & Battle, Attorneys, " "
Hon. Weldon N. Edwards, *Warren,* "
Col. C. B. Mallet, *Pres. Fayetteville & W. R. R.*
Samuel H. Cannady, Esq., *Fayetteville, N. C.*
J. W. Lee, Esq., *Johnson Co., N. C.*
Dr. R. K. Smith, *Chatham, N. C.*
Aug 19-10-3m

COLLINS & HEATH,
22 LIGHT STREET, BALTIMORE, Md.
"OLD MARYLAND WORKS."

Plumbing,	Mount Vernon Cook Stove,
Sheet Lead,	Patapsco Cook,
Lead Pipe,	Roger Williams's, Universe Cook,
Iron Pipe,	Beebe Range,
Terra Cotta Pipe,	European Range,
Brass Cocks,	Magee Range,
Plated Cocks,	Spence Range,
Iron, Lead and Zinc Bath Tubs,	Emerald Range,
Tin Bath Tubs with Heaters,	Hayward, Bartlett & Co's Portable Furnaces,
Water Closets,	Magee Furnaces, Portable and Brick,
Iron and China Basins,	Parlor, Church and Stoves in great variety,
Hydrants,	All the different styles of Grates,
Pumps,	High Up and Low Down Portable Grates, &c.,
Rams, Fountains,	
Water Wheels	
Garden Vases,	
Water-Coolers,	
Refrigerators, &c.	

Which will be sold as low as can be had in the city.
April 8-206-1y

MISCELLANEOUS.

ROCK ISLAND MANUFACTURING CO., GOODS,

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

TO SOUTHERN MERCHANTS.

IF you desire to supply yourselves for the Fall and Winter trade, with the very best descriptions and styles of

ALL-WOOL CASSIMERES,

AND WITH THE MOST DURABLE

JEANS AND KERSEY FABRICS,

All free from Shoddy and other impurities, order samples from the subscriber, and they will be forwarded, with prices attached, during the months of July and August.
From these samples you can make your selections, and return your orders, and the goods will be forwarded direct from the manufactory.
JOHN A. YOUNG,
Charlotte, May 30-250-4m President.

J. H. CRAWFORD,

Mechanical and Operative Dentist.

RALEIGH, N. C.

OFFICE OVER PESCUD'S OLD DRUG STORE.

OFFICE HOURS:

From 8 A. M. to 1 P. M., and from 3 to 6 P. M.

Teeth Extracted without pain by the use of Nitrous Oxide Gas, and the local anesthetic or Ether spray.
my 4-228-codly

WHOLESALE GROCERS.

PULLIAM, JONES & CO.,

Wholesale Grocers and Commission

MERCHANTS,

No. 58 Favetteville Street, Raleigh, N. C.

HAVE IN STORE AND ARE CONSTANTLY RECEIVING, SUGARS, COFFEES, AND TEAS, BACON, MOLASSES AND CHEESE, BRANDIES, WINES AND WHISKIES, SOAPS, CANDLES, AND CANDIES, TOBACCO, SNUFF AND CIGARS,

Canned Fruits, Sauces and Figs, Canned Oysters, Raisins and Dates, Nuts, Currants, Pickles and Spices, Powder, Shot and Caps, Butter, Lard, Yeast, Powders, Soda,

and in fact everything usually found in a first class Wholesale Grocery house—in the greatest variety and at prices which cannot fail to please.

FARMING IMPLEMENTS &c.

50 Boxes Axes, 25 Doz. of Manure Forks,
25 Doz. Long handled Shovels, 25 Doz. Spades,
36 " Weeding Hoes assorted, 50 Doz. Hames,
25 " Horse Collars, 50 Doz. Trace Chaines,
30 " Plow Lines, 16 Gross Axe Helves,
Rope, Twine, Nails, &c.
PULLIAM, JONES & CO.
Wholesale Grocers & Com. Merchants.
Feb 22-168-tf

CO-PARTNERSHIP NOTICE.

The undersigned have this day formed a Co-partnership, under the name of R. H. COWAN & CO., for the purpose of carrying on a General Commission, Shipping and Supply Business in the City of Wilmington, N. C.
Their office, *for the present*, is on the Corner of Chesnut and Water Streets, *up stairs*, where they will be happy to hear from and serve their friends.
By the 1st. of October next, they will be fully prepared to furnish supplies of all kinds.
ROBT. H. COWAN,
JNO. W. CAMERON,
JAMES H. HILL,
Aug 1-302-tf Wilmington, N. C.

MRS. RANSOM'S

FEMALE SEMINARY,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

THE NEXT SESSION OF THIS INSTITUTION will begin on the 7th. of October, 1867.
The ablest teachers in every branch alone will be employed.
The most accomplished and experienced Professors of Music and of Ancient and Modern Languages have been secured.
French will be habitually spoken in the Seminary.
For particulars, apply to
Mrs. ROBERT RANSOM,
Aug 9-310-2m Principal.

FOR THE FALL TRADE.

Just received, a lot of ROCK ISLAND CASSIMERES AND JEANS, (North Carolina manufacture.)
Also, a small lot PRINTS, 4-4 Brown SHEETINGS, WHITE FLANNEL, &c.
Aug. 31—2t.* E. H. & W. J. YOUNG.

DRY GOODS.

CLEAN COUNTER!

SELLING ANYTHING AND EVERYTHING AT COST,

FOR CASH, AND CASH ONLY!

From this time forth I will sell my entire Stock of Goods at Cost to make room for my Winter Stock, consisting in part of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,
PRINTS, WHITE GOODS,
IRISH LINEN, TOWELING,
LINEN CAMBRIC HDK'F'S,
HOSIERY, GLOVES,
BLEACHED SHIRTING,
UNBLEACHED SHIRTING,
BED TICKING,
10-4 SHEETING,
STRIPED DOMESTIC,
LINEN DUCK,
COTTONADES,
HATS, &c., &c.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

A large Stock of the most celebrated manufacture of Gent's and Ladies' Boots and Shoes, Gaiters, &c.
Now is the time for you to lay in your supply of Goods, for they are advancing North. I am selling at cost. Come one and all and examine my stock and prices. Do not be induced to buy goods elsewhere until you give me a call. When I say I am selling at Cost I mean just what I say; it is not for the purpose of humbugging you.
Merchants in the City whose stocks need replenishing would do well to call soon and make their purchases.
GEO. T. COOKE.
Aug 8-303-tf

GREATER BARGAINS THAN EVER.

COME, AND CONVINCE YOURSELF OF THE fact.
5,000 yards of all the latest, and most desirable styles

SPRING AND SUMMER DRESS GOODS

at greatly reduced Prices.
3,500 yards of bleached and brown

SHIRTINGS AND SHEETINGS,

at prices to suit the times.
6,000 yards all desirable and fast color

PRINTS,

almost given away.
HOSIERY and GLOVES
HATS and BONNETS,
RIBBONS and TRIMMINGS,

together with a fine assortment of HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS, and a thousand other articles too numerous to mention,—all to be sold at rates to suit everybody.
Miles & Son's, and other makes, of Ladies', Misses' and Children's

SHOES AND BOOTEES,

at greatly reduced prices.
M. ROSENBAUM,
Aug 1-302-tf No. 16 Fayetteville St.

ST. CL